# Manuaiian

# Gazette.

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HONOLULU, H. T., TUESDAY., DECEMBER 13, 1904-SEMI-WEEKLY,

WHOLE No. 2650

## **PREMIUM OFFER** FOR NEW BONDS TEN THOUSAND

### Secretary Atkinson Cables Two Propositions And Asks the Territorial Treasurer for Advice On the Matter.

The bonds of the Territory of Hawaii are in demand. Yesterday Territorial Treasurer Campbell received a cablegram from Secretary Atkinson, in New York, to the effect that Eastern parties had made him an offer for the Territorial bonds-or, rather, that he had received two offers.

The first was an offer of \$11,000 premium for bonds bearing four and a half per cent interest.

The second was an offer of \$1,000 premium for bonds bearing interest at four and a quarter per cent.

It was not stated in the cablegram whether the offer was for the whole of the proposed new issue of one million dollars in bonds, nor if for a part of the issue, was it specified how much would be

Governor Carter was not at the Capitol yesterday afternoon, being confined to his home by slight indisposition, but Mr. Campbell took the cablegram to his chief nevertheless and, after consultation, it was agreed to cable Secretary Atkinson asking for advices that would clear up the doubts left by his cablegram. That is, the Secretary had asked to be advised by the Treasurer in the matter, and the Governor and the Treasurer, on their part, wanted fuller information before venturing to tell the absent official what, in their judgment, was the best thing to be done.

It is probable that further information will be forthcoming from Secretary Atkinson today.

Even as it stands, if either offer made to the Secretary is for the full issue, either is then a better offer than was made for the bonds last time. The sale of the last lot was made to Fisk & Robinson, of New York, on November 19, 1903, and the whole issue of one million of dollars went for \$1,000,626. That was a small premium, to be sure, but it was rather an agreeable surprise to get any premium at that time. Local high financiers had not expected the bonds to go for more than 98. It will be seen, therefore, that while the present offers are not large, the credit of the Territory is im-

## LIQUOR DEALERS GIVE THEIR IDEA OF LICENSE LAW

#### Mr. Rothwell Lays the Blame for Illicit Dealing Largely at the Door of the Plantation Authorities.

The liquor men of the islands, through J. G. Rothwell, head of the Liquor Men's Protective Association, have given what will perhaps be regarded as an official utterance of their desires in the matter of liquor legislation for the territory. This utterance comes in the form of a letter addressed by Mr. Rothwell to Governor Carter.

In the letter, besides setting forth his ideas as to the proper form that liquor legislation should take, Mr. Rothwell takes occasion to criticise the action of the Territorial government in this regard in the past, and lays some blame for the illicit selling of liquor also at the door of the sugar planters. The opposition of the planters to saloons on or near the plantation, Mr. Rothwell thinks, is in a very large measure the cause of the illicit business. There are large numbers of men employed there who will have liquor and, if there is no regularly licensed dealer from whom it can be procured, they patronize the man who is not regularly licensed, but who is willing to sell.

The letter follows the desire of the Governor to get the views of various parties interested as to the matter and manner of legislation that, in the view of such parties, would be best for the interests of the whole Territory. There have been a number of con ferences with liquor men on the subject of the license laws, and various large and small dealers have been led to express their ideas. The Rothwell letter, far and away the most interesting of these expressions so far, follows in its full text:

Honolulu, November 17, 1901. tory of Hawaii.

suggestions on present conditions and and expressed either approval or unprospective legislation on the liquor concern. It is at the same time an abquestion in this Territory.

Infringement of the liquor laws are not of recent development. They are the and a result of the many changing have pas ed. I attribute the growth of filicit selling of liquor, particularly in the outer districts, very largely to the seller than he would a licensed dealer, unqualified and almost universal oppo-

ty years has been largely influenced. Hon. Geo. R. Carter, Governor Terri- Today, as I understand the situation, no license is issued in the plantation In accordance with your re- districts, unless the plantation manaquest I beg to submit the following ger, or its agent, has been consulted, solute fact that on every plantation Prevailing conditions with regard to there are illicit sellers, who cannot exist, and do not exist, without the full knowledge and toleration of the plantagrowth and evolution of many years tion authorities. Thus the demands of the laboring classes have been met, conditions under which these Islands and no voice heard in dissent: the manager of a plantation has probably felt that he had better control over an illicit

sition of the plantation interests to the every instance where the plantation the principal of which was "that the more prominent cause of lilicit selling granting of saloon licenses, by which owns either the wharf or warehouse, title covered more than one subject," than any other.

## Koelling and Castor Oil.

The meeting last night of the Farm ers' Institute of Hawaii developed great deal of wholesome and valuable largely to the raising of cassava, baand other fruits and soll products while the newest knowledge concern ing insects which benefit and prev upor the same was presented.

The institute meeting was held in th library of the Territorial Board of Agriculture and was attended by a large number of men in diversified industries, halling from all parts of the group. Among the number were Judge Dole, Alexander Craw, the eminent entomologist; Mr. Kotinsky, Messrs. Terry and Paty of Hawaii, Mr. Wells of Kauai, Mr. Koelling of Koolau, L. A. Thurston, Mr. Haughs, Jonathan Austin, Gerrit P. Wilder, A. F. Cooke, D. L. Van Dine, J. Q. Wood, Guta Serisawa. Jared Smith, director of the United States Experimental Station presided, with J. E. Higgins as secre-

Jared Smith read an interesting paper on the growing of cassava, maniac or "pla," as it is known among the Hawaiians, The plant had long been cultivated in Hawaii and it had a well cnown value as a food for cattle, several ranches growing it for this purpose. The native Hawaiians use it to some extent as an article of diet, and they also make a crude laundry starch from it. Cassava cultivation is attracting attention in Florida and the West Indies, for the manufacture of both starch and glucose. It is said that 40 per cent of the corn crop of the United States is used for the making of starch. The demand for corn is increasing and

(Continued on Page 5.)

services, and there can be no doubt view of the subsequent information whatever that the plantation managers gained by him.

are as well if not better able to point to illicit sellers than any individual licensed dealer in liquors. I further believe that the failure of the Government to issue licenses because of objections made by the managers of plantations has been one of the principal tations has been one of the principal states. causes, not only of the existence of the lilicit seller, but also of their immunity from police interference, on account of sale dealers have never made an efsale dealers have the policy of the plantations being well sale dealers have never made an ef-known to the police in the several districts. Another cause has unquestionably arisen from the exercise of a great deal of toleration toward more or less when they found that no notice was strong supporters of the Government taken of their statements. during the periods of excitement at the It is not and cannot be a fact that time of the overthrow of the monarchy, any reputable licensed dealer in liquors and since, until the authorities have at desires, or would tolerate illicit selling last awakened to the actual condition if it were in his power to prevent or of affairs. The most potent factor, suppress it. however, I believe, has been that license. When, ho has been persistently opposed by the that with sixty or more plantations or plantation, and the Government has the islands, there are only two ful overlooked the logical consequence

with the result that the regular saloons a question of demand and supply, have been, almost without exception. In Honolulu the other extreme is running at a loss for a time; this fact has probably led more licenses and twenty-one saloon licenses or less to a disregard for exact condi- besides a large number of so called tions of license, which has also been clubs, organized for the purpose of selloverlooked by the authorities probably ing liquor, and for no other purpose for the same reason of political expe- In Honolulu the causes will be found.

complaint by the retail men time and been tolerant from a standpoint of pocommittees, as has been the selling of unexplained reason. Il liquors by the beer saloons. I have my. The hard times or more occasions, made personal com- were in all probability originally startwere no funds available to otherwise and I am of opinion that the illicit sellprocure it

an organization among the liquor men irresponsible legal light. both wholesale and retail prior to the every administration for the past twen- for them to make a charge for the priv- and the bill was, therefore, not in ac-

sale dealers have never made an ef-

When, however, we stop to conside retail licenses issued in the vicinity of In Honolulu the same political pres- the plantations and not more than five sure has resulted in the issuance of or six beer and wine licenses, it is many more licenses than the own will not difficult to understand why there profitably and legitimately support, are so many illicit sellers; it is simply

considerable found, there being forty or more beer diency, or what was thought to be such. to a great extent, in the second reason The existence of illicit sellers is no given above, namely, that the polles new thing; this has been a cause of authorities have overlooked, or have time again, individually and through litical expediency, or from some other

The hard times experienced have self complained to the present treas- doubtless had a stimulating effect in House of Commons, is dead. urer and his predece sor, but no action promoting illicit selling during the past has hitherto, so far as I am aware, two or three years, and it will be found been taken. The late E. C. Macfarlane, that these clubs have been known as accompanied by myself on at least two such only within that period. They plaints, and were told that it was for ed with a view to reducing the cost us to furnish the evidence, as there of liquor to the individual consumer, er has subsequently taken advantage A realization of the unsatisfactory of this idea to cover himself in accordstate of the liquor license laws induced ance, probably with the advice of some

As our population consists of about last regular session of the Legislature, 8-15 per cent of Orientals the bulk of and a comprehensive bill was drawn the business must be done with illicit up and presented on the invitation of sellers, for the reason that on most the Republican Central Committee, plantations there are no licensed dis-This bill appeared to meet the approval tributing points, or retail licenses isof the Legislature, and was duly passed sued or allowed, and I firmly believe after several amendments had been that the policy of the Government it-It has also been the custom in almost fused to sign it on technical grounds, censes, as above explained, has been a

(Continued on page 8.)

# THE FARMERS RUSSIAN WARSHIPS SEEN OFF THE CAPE

THE 203 METER FORT.



#### STRUGGLE AROUND TWO PORT ARTHUR FORTS

This picture by Frederic Villiers of the Illustrated London News was sketched from the trenches in the foreground. It is the first picture which definitely locates 203-meter hill, the key to Port Arthur, which has just been taken by the Japanese and which the Russians are trying to recapture. From this hill, with heavy guns, not only the town but the dock and all parts of Port Arthur may be commanded. If the Japanese are able to mount heavy guns there, the stronghold will be untenable, except the few forts on Tiger's Tail. At the left of the picture is Fort Namakoyama, which the Japanese are represented in this picture as taking after a gallant charge. The shells bursting in the foreground are from Russian guns. This view looks toward the south and Port Arthur is directly beyond the fort on the summit and a little to the right. This sketch gives a good idea of the country over which the Japanese have advanced at such terrible cost of life within the last two weeks,

# flege of landing and storage, and this cordance with the organic act. I encharge on liquors has been exceedingly close copy of the letter to Governor Dole heavy, and it will be found in many instances the plantations will have accounts against illicit dealers for such gret that he did not sign the bill. In services, and there can be no doubt view of the subsequent information whatever that the plantation managers, gained by him.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS.)

CAPETOWN, Dec. 13 .- Two Russian warships have passed Cape Point en-route to the Far East,

IN WINTER OUARTERS.

TOKIO, Dec. 13.-The Russians have been repulsed in minor attacks in Manchuria. Preparations for wintering have been com-

AFTERNOON REPORT

MUKDEN, Dec. 12 .- Attacks by Japanese on the Russian trenches have been repulsed.

TOKIO, Dec. 12.-The bombardment of Port Arthur by the besieging army has damaged the works on Golden Hill, set fire to the arsenal and injured the Russian wireless station.

Washington, December 12th, 1904.

To the Japanese Consul-General, Honolulu:

Our Port Arthur beleaguering army reports that bombardment on the 11th inst inflicted considerable damage on the enemy's Wireless Telegraph Station at the foot of Golden Hill and set the

## OLDEST MEMBER OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS DEAD

LONDON, Dec. 13 .- Charrington, the oldest member of the

Spencer Charrington, M. P. for Mile End, Tower Hamlets, since 1885 was born in 1818. He was a brewer by trade and a Conservative in politics. He married in 1853, Alethea Charlotte, daughter of Rev. J. Calmeyer, Archdeacon of Hammerfest, Norway. His education was received at Eton.

#### COOKS AND WAITERS STRIKE.

BUENOS AYRES, Dec. 13 .- Cooks and waiters of this city have struck.

### DOWIE OUT OF DEBT.

CHICAGO, Dec. 13 .- Dowie has paid off his indebtedness.

# KAUAI JAPS CARRY GUNS

#### Chance for Internation al Complication On Garden Isle,

(From Seturday's Advertiser).

Word has come down from Kauai that the idle Japanese on the island, of whom it was said that there are several hundred, have been latterly gathering for drill purposes near Libue in a manner that raises the question of the preservation of the neutrality of the islands.

These Japanese, who are, as it appears, reservists of the Japanese army. who have presumably been or who are about to be ordered to their colors, have been drilling on the plain near Libue for several weeks past. They have regular drill, with officers and men in uniform and colors flying, but up to a few weeks ago their maneuvers were performed with wooden guns. These facts were reported by the police officers on Kaual,

Latterly, however, the sounds of fir ing have been heard to come from the drill ground of the Japanese, indicating that the soldiers have obtained guns from some quarter and that their preparations to go to the front have there-fore assumed a much more warlike manner. Whether the men have obtained guns enough to arm them completely, or whether they have got only few rifles with which to indulge in target practice is not stated.

The incident has sufficed to raise the question of the preservation of the neutrality of the Islands and it is probable that there will be a looking up of the law upon the point. President Roosevelt, at the beginning of the present war between Japan and Russia, issued a proclamation defining neutrality, setting forth somewhat in detail those things which it was forbidden to residents in a neutral state to do so long as a state of war subsisted between powers toward both of whom the United States was friendly. This proclamation relates largely, naturally enough, to ships and shipping, but it contains this provision among things forbidden:

Beginning or setting on foot or providing or preparing the means for any military expedition or enterprise to be carried on from the territory or jurisdiction of the United States against the territories or domains of either of the said bellig rents."

This, in effect, is a reading of the revised statutes of the United States with reference to the preservation of neutrality. The revised statutes, section 5282, says:

Every person who, within the territory or jurisdiction of the United States enlists or enters himself, or hires, or retains another person to enlist, or enter himself, or goes beyond the limits or jurisdiction of the United States with intent to be enlisted or entered in the service of any foreign prince, state, colony, district or people as a soldier or as a marine or seaman on board any vessel of war, letter of marque, or pri-vateer, shall be deemed guilty of a high more than three years."

leally covered in the President's proclamation is section 5286, reading as fol-

"Every person who, within the territory or jurisdiction of the United States begins or sets on foot, or provides or prepares the means for any military expedition or enterprise to be carried on from thence against the territory or dominions of any foreign prince or state, or of any colony, district or people with whom the United States are at peace shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor and shall be fined not more than \$3000 and imprisoned for not more than three years."

This statute covers the case of the Japanese drilling on Kauai if any law of the United States does, but of course place on account of its very leniency. in the application of these laws the courts have repeatedly taken a wide latitude in ruling upon the applications of the principles of the law to individusoldiers of Japan who have been on leave and who have now been called back to their colors. They are not, in the widest sense, preparing a military expedition against Russia on American soil. At any rate they are not initiating a military expedition against Rusthe manual at arms, in which, through lack of practice, they have become somewhat rusty. The most sarking for ture of the case, and the new feature. consists in their actual possession of arms on American soil.

Again, under the law, it is a violation of neutrality to prepare an expethe front in Manchuria they would not then be taking part in military opera- entire arrangement of the commence- some further cable conference. although a part of it is held by Russian troops, and there is abundant reason to believe that the Japanese effort to drive out the Russians has the entire sympathy of the actual owners of the country.

# SEGREGATION IS ATTACKED

#### Ashford's Tongue Given Free Play .-- Andrews Makes Reply.

Attorney-General L. Andrews came in wo speeches in the Federal Court yestergay endeavoring to show that the leper segregation laws of the Hawaiian Islands for the past forty years, continuing under the Territory of Hawaii, are contrary to the bill of rights of the Constitution of the United States.

W. Ashford occupied two hours in between the two efforts of Mr. Ashford with an address of half an hour. Judge Dole asked counsel to file their authorities and continued the casethat of a writ of habeas corpus for Mrs. Kaipu-until 10 o'clock Monday morn-

When the case was called Mr. Ashford read a demurrer to the return pre-sented by the Attorney-General on behalf of President L. E. Pinkham of the

Board of Health.

Miss Kaipu, petitioner for the writ on behalf of her mother, was in court. Witnesses for the respondent who attended but were not called were Drs. McDonald, Cooper, Mays and Sinclair. The gist of the demurrer was that

the return was made up of conclusions of law rather than statements of fact. Mr. Ashford, in speaking to his demurrer, quoted the famous jurist, Marshall, as warning the constitution makers against "a government of discretion." Cooley was cited on principles of liberty. Mr. Ashford's authorities related chiefly to commitments for insanity, and for the rest, his argument, if detached from the cool precincts of a court of justice, might fairly be decribed as an inflammatory attack upon the system of segregation of lepers in vogue here since 1864. The word "hell" vas used often enough to impart a distinctly volcanic odor to the argument. Mr. Ashford made the assertion that persons sent to the settlement were subjected to involuntary servitude, modified only by the discretion of the resident physician.

Mr. Andrews, in his address, flatly lenounced the statement regarding involuntary servitude as untrue. The inmates of the settlement were paid for their labor and only required to perpractice was to have the youngest and most inexperienced physicians on the examining board at the receiving sta-

in the situation represented in the petition the laws referred to were utterly repugnant to the Constitution. His argument and authorities went to the propositions that a medical board was untrustworthy without opportunity of placing expert against expert and having witnesses cross-examined and that the enforcement of the policy of segregation should be in the jurisdiction of some judicial tribunal.

\*\*Integress. Among these men hired self and the bed upon which he had self and the bed upon which he had been asleep blown to atoms.

The first thought, of course, was medical help for the injured man, but customer from the first day of his employment on the ditch, and besides being of had disposition he was lazy and untrustworthy without opportunity of placing expert against expert and having witnesses cross-examined and that the enforcement of the policy of segregation should be in the jurisdiction of some judicial tribunal.

\*\*Notice of the Territory.\*\*

A decree by Judge Robinson was filed yesterday, as of December 3, ordering the sale under foreclosure of the property of Hana Plantation Co. M. T. Simonton being appointed commission-ment that he should not have even a ment that he should not have even a character of life. The telephone wire had been cut a short distance from the tent to self and the bed upon which he had been asleep blown to atoms.

The first thought, of course, was simply the sale under foreclosure of the property of Hana Plantation Co. M. T. Simonton being appointed commission-ment that he should not have even a character of life. The telephone wire had been cut a short distance from the tent it.

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A decree by Judge Robinson was filed yesterday, as of December 3, ordering the sale under foreclosure vateer, shall be deemed guilty of a high ing witnesses cross-examined and that misdemeanor and shall be fined not more than \$2000 and imprisoned not gation should be in the jurisdiction of the policy of segregation should be in the jurisdiction of the solution of the policy of segregation should be in the jurisdiction of the solution of the policy of segregation should be in the jurisdiction of the solution of the policy of segregation should be in the jurisdiction of the solution of the policy of segregation should be in the jurisdiction of the solution of the policy of segregation should be in the jurisdiction of the solution of the policy of segregation should be in the jurisdiction of the solution of the policy of segregation should be in the jurisdiction of the solution of the policy of segregation should be in the jurisdiction of the solution of th some judicial tribunal.

of the situation that would result if the power of the constituted health authorities, exercised in all civilized countries from time immemorial, to quarantine cases of Contagious disease was A man suspected of taken away. plague or smallpox might, if the proposition of opposite counsel was right, demand to be taken into court for examination before he was sent to a hospital.

Referring to the epithets applied to the settlement Mr. Andrews stated that the United States medical authorities The people were not deprived of their

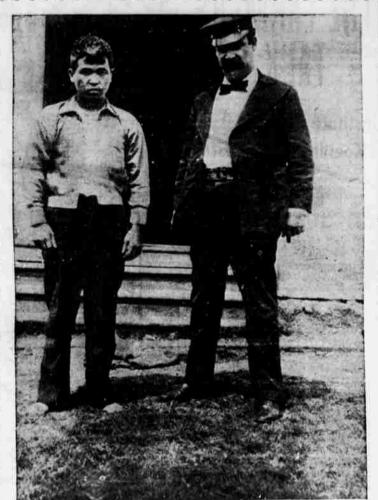
with the police powers of States or Territories. He submitted it could never be held that the proper segregation of persons afflicted with contagious or infectious disease was a breach of the Constitution.

# TWO BOYS OF OAHU

Both boys were prepared for Yale at would be money well spent,

## JAPANESE MURDERER WILL HANG ON THURSDAY NEXT ONE JURY

Governor Carter Signs the Death Warrant of the Man Who Blew Albion Glennan to Pieces With Giant Powder.



MATSUMOTO SENTENCED TO BE HANGED FOR THE GLENNAN MURDER DEC. 15—CHESTER DOYLE, WHO MADE OUT THE CASE AGAINST HIM.

form work consistent with a proper regimen of healthful exercise. Mr. Andrews also contradicted the attorney for the writ in a statement that the der of Albion H. Glennan, and the man Glennan slept in a small tent at the ceint is upon a statement of cash, show-

something to do with the legislation relative to segregation, but said he had never examined the system carefully until taking up the present case. As a result of this examination he declared these laws to be full of "wounds and bruises and putrefying sores." He con-

charge by one of the a sistants.

the Attorney General's office, it ap- the last penalty,

Yesterday Governor Carter signed the peared that Matsumoto blamed Glen-

der of Albion H. Glennan, and the man will be hanged in Oahu Prison on ditch camp, the tent being known as the "Nursday, December 15th."

The murder of Albion Glennan was one of the most atrocious crimes that was ever committed in the islands. The man who was slain was the superintendent.

Glennan slept in a small tent at the ditch camp, the tent being known as the "Ditch Office." On the night of January 8, 1904. Glennan went to his tent fatigued with his day's work and was soon sleeping the sleep of a tired was ever committed in the islands. The man who was slain was the superintendent.

Glennan slept in a small tent at the "Ditch Office." On the night of January 8, 1904. Glennan went to his tent fatigued with his day's work and was soon sleeping the sleep of a tired man. The whole camp was quiet. Then

ome judicial tribunal. more heed to work, but it was of 10 once upon Moritare, who had been tion of the property with costs.

Attorney-General Andrews was at no use. The man would not work, and heard to utter threats against the suloss for authorities relating to the pro- turned ugly when he was spoken to perintendent. He was arrested, and on plaintiff, on motion of C. A. Long, in tection of the public against contagious As a last resort he was discharged, but April 5th was convicted in the Fifth the suit of First National Bank vs. H. disease of any kind. He drew a picture not by Glennan. He was given his dis- Circuit Court of the murder of Glen- A. Heen and Oriental Life Insurance harge by one of the a sistants. nan. A great legal battle has been From the man's confession, obtained waged in his behalf, his case being carsubsequently by Chester A. Doyle, who ried to the highest court in the Terriworked up the case against him for tory but without avail. He must pay

## MAY SAVE INTEREST ON THE NEW BOND ISSUE

civil rights. Wisely or unwisely the in Washington, saying that Mr. Atkinproposed.

son had asked for advice, to cable him If the four and a half per cents were of any election held under it should be depend upon the price obtained for the four per cent bonds would still be bet- therefor. At the senior class election held a few bonds. A sale of bonds bearing four ter for the Territory, on the face of dition against the territory of any for- days ago at Yale University, George P. per cent interest at par would be bet- the facts as they stand, notwithstandeign prince with whom the United Cooke, son of Mr. Charles M. Cooke, ter for the Territory in a monetary ing the premium.

The whole matter, however, as the clair here,

Yesterday Governor Carter received Governor and the Treasurer agreed, is a cablegram from Secretary Atkinson, a matter of the price to be obtained Organic Act gave them the electoral son had reason to think that he could for the bonds, and that must be figured latitude in ruling upon the applications of the principles of the law to individual al cases. In the first place the Japansee who have been drilling are reserved upon the applications of Large than the electoral soll the proposed new issue of Territions of large finance. If the bonds torial bonds with interest at four per were to be sold at par regardless of the cent per annum instead of at four and rate of interest, the four per cent per annum instead of at four and rate of interest, the four per cent per annum instead of at four and rate of interest, the four per cent per annum instead of at four and rate of interest, the four per cent per annum instead of at four and rate of interest, the four per cent per annum instead of at four and rate of interest, the four per cent per annum instead of at four and rate of interest, the four per cent per cent per annum instead of at four and rate of interest, the four per cent a half per cent, as had been originally proposition would be very attractive. The interest on \$1,000,000 at that rate This was a matter of some moment, for fifteen years, the life of the bond proves of the efforts made by Governor issue, would foot up \$600,000, and the as the saving to the Territory would total the Territory would be called up-be material in the event that the on finally to pay would be \$1,600,000. On bonds sold at the same price bearing bonds drawing four and a half per the lower rate of interest, and the Governor at once called Territorial Treasernor at once called Territorial Treasthe end of the life period, and the total at the coming session of a local option urer Campbell for a conference, payment by the Territory would be law and that such a measure should It was agreed, as Secretary Atkin- that sum added to one million dollars contain a provision that the expenses that his action in the matter should to sell for five per cent premium, the at the expense of those petitioning

States is not at war. There is no proof was elected chairman of the Cap and way than a sale of four and one-half Another feature of the bond business that the Japanese reservists called home Gown Committee, and Charles S. Judd, per cent bonds at a premium of, say, demanding consideration is as to from Honolulu are called for any other son of Mrs. A. F. Judd, was elected five per cent. Accordingly, word was whether the entire million authorized A purpose than garrison duty in their own first member of the same committee. cabled to the Secretary to this effect, by the president shall be disposed of country-but, if they should be sent to This is one of the four important and the matter is up to him. It is at this time, or only half the issue. money to be put away for several the Worcester, Cape Colony, Standard,

committees which have charge of the probable, however, that there will be There is small economy in borrowing tions within the territory of any power ment exercises for the graduating class. Of course if Secretary Atkinson finds months unused in the Territorial treas- says: "For the past seven years, or I continued to use the pills until I had that would object to their presence on and an election to membership on any that he can dispose of four per cent ut ?, while on the ciner hand the con- since we have been in South Africa, taken eight boxes. Then I was entirethe ground of a violation of the neuone of these committees is considered bonds to advantage equal to four and divin of the money market may be
traility laws on the part of the United a great social honor. The fact that a half per cents, it will be necessary such that it would be better to secure ways been kept in our household. My health, have a keen appetite and can Manchuria belongs to China, both Cooke and Judd polled more votes for him to have new bonds printed, but the whole amount at once than to run wife has found it to be invaluable with than any other member of their comthat is a minor matter. The cost of a the chance by waiting of losing a fave the children and croupy symptoms
mittee, or any member of any other new issue would be about \$2000, but if orable offer. However, that also is a have disappeared with astonishing but committee, attests their popularity at the Territory can make \$50,000 or even problem whose rolution is in a sense pleasing rapidity under its influence." excellent physical condition to Dr. mong their classmates. \$25,000 by the expenditure of \$2000, it up to Secretary Atkinson. He is clos- For sale by All Deelers and Druggists. Williams' Pink Pills." This great blood

### Quick Verdict Returned. End of Troubles at Pleas Are Mostly Reserved.

The only trial jury panel for the September term of the First Circuit Court now on duty is that of Judge Gear, and it is transferred with the presidence of the term to Judge Rob-inson for further orders. It will appear on Monday for the trial of Emmett May under indecement for em-

bezzlement.

Judge De Bolt discharged his jury for the remainder of the term, thanking those present and absent for their faithful work. This was immediately after a verdict had been rendered for the defendants in the ejectment suit, with \$3,000 damages claimed, of Ching Man Sing against Mary A. Richards and others. The jury was out only ten minutes. Adverse possession to-gether with title by descent constituted the defense. D. L. Withington and Frank Andrade conducted the case for the defendants. L. J. Warren was counsel for the plaintiff and noted ex-ceptions to the verdict. ceptions to the verdict.

#### ARRAIGNMENTS.

Arraignments under the latest batch of indictments were in order before Judge Robinson yesterday morning. Ito, a Japanese woman, pleaded not guilty to selling liquor without a

All the other defendants had their pleas reserved, until 9 o'clock Monday morning, viz: James Kupihea, two indictments for violating the election law; M. J. Silva, M. S. Freitas and Kaalaeach selling liquor without a hua.

Kupihea is charged with marching a kupinea is charged with marching a band of men—the "red shirt brigade" of the 7th precinct, 5th district—to the polls, and with having intimidated a voter to vote the Republican ticket.

HOLT ESTATE RECEIPTS. Receipts passed yesterday from Carlos A. Long to Henry Smith, respectively the incoming and the outgoing administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Robert Wilham Holt. One is for securities consisting of mortgages notes and bonds amounting to \$13,240. For an original note and mortgage for

graph Co. was argued and submitted before the Supreme Court yesterday, A. A. Wilder for plaintiff; D. L. Withing-ton for defendant. Plaintiff seeks to collect a judgment against defendant by garnisheeing its monthly subsidy of \$1000 from the Territory.

## ANTI-SALOOM LEAGUERS WRITE TO THE GOVERNOR

A delegation from the Anti-Saloon League called on Governor Carter yesterday and presented him the following letter:

Honolulu, Dec. 9, 1904. Hon. Geo. R. Carter, Governor Territory of Hawaii, Honolulu.

Dear Sir:-The Honolulu Anti-Saloon League at its meeting yesterday passed

Resolved. That the Honolulu Anti-Saloon League heartily endorses and aptory strictly carried out; and especially his efforts to eradicate the illicit sale of intoxicating liquor.

It was the unanimous opinion of the Very respectfully.

C. H. DICKEY. P. M. SNODGRASS, Committee Honolulu Anti-Saloon League.

PROMINENT PUBLISHER EN-DORSES CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY.

Leon C. Streeter, proprietor of ir to the money market than the offi- Benson Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawail.

# KOREANS TO REMAINING BREAK STRIKE

## Waialua Not Yet In Sight.

Two hundred and fifty Koreans were taken down to Waiaiua piantation yesterday in an endeavor to break the strike of the Japanese there, out of which grew the riot call for the police on Thursday night. There are nine hundred men on strike

now, their grievances being various, Among other things the Japanese claim. that they should have higher pay because sugar is worth more now than it was when they went to work. The fact that they are not working on a sliding scale cuts no ice whatever with them. They argue that the boss is getting more money and so they should. Then, they do not like the way in which trash is dumped upon the cane fields, they demand that a couple of lunas whoare personally objectionable to them shall be fired, and lastly they do not like their interpreter, a Japanese preacher of the name of Seki, and de-mand that the job be given to one Morikama. This man was taken down to the plantation yesterday and so the demand that he be employed will probably be granted.

As to the rest, the demands of the men are now under consideration, but there is small likelinood of a settlement for some days to come. There is a hard tot of Japanese hanging about Waialua, many of them discharged plantation hands, and the trouble of Thursday night was caused directly by the efforts of two of these. These men went to the pumping station at Ka-walloa and tried to get the men working the pumps to leave their posts, but were driven away by the white eniployes. Then they went down to the Japanese camp and stirred up their fellows to trouble that culminated in the plantation management sending for

## MONDAYS FOLLOWING WILL BE HOLIDAYS

By proclamation of Governor Carter, published this morning, Christmas and New Year's day, as public holidays, will be observed respectively on Monday, December 26, 1904, and Monday, January 2, 1905, owing to the failing of the proper festival date in each case

## SCROFULA SPREADS.

ALARM CAUSED BY AN IN+ VASION OF ULCEROUS SORES.

Perplexity of the Doctors in a Typical and Serious Case Relieved by an Important Discovery.

The fear which is justly aroused by the appearance of a disease with such fatal tendencies as scrofula, will be relieved by a statement of a recent remarkable cure. Mr. Thomas F. Brown, of the Hume Carriage Company, Amesbury, Mass., says:

"About two years ago I was affected with a scrofulous disease which spread over my whole body. I became greatly alarmed and consulted physicians in Amesbury and in Newburyport. They told me I had a case of scrofula, and that I would have to take the greatese care to avert a fatal result. They pronounced my blood to be in a bad condition and said a long time would be neces ary to put me in a healthy

"There was chronic inflammation all over my body wherever the disease had spread; there would be a discharge of yellow-colored pus where the skin would break and leave an ulcerlike sore. These sores would dry up for a while only to break and discharge again.

"The medicines which the physicians prescribed had no effect in checking the disease and I was in a most miserable state of discouragement. One day I heard the doctor say that there was danger of the disease terminating in consumption. Then I began to lose

"One day, however as I lay in bed reading a newspaper, I read an article recommending Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People very highly for diseases of the blood, and, as the doctor's treatment during the preceding three months had done me no good, I decided to stop it and take the pills.

"After I had taken three boxes I saw that the inflammation was going down and that there were fewer sores. I realized that I was improving and do as big a day's work as at any time before I was stricken down, and I firmly believe that I owe my present remedy is sold by all druggists throughout the world.

# WILL BE BIG DR. LYMAN DAY AT HILO IS NO MORE

#### Getting Ready for the Hilo Missionary Son Opening of Mooheau Park.

which Admiral Beckley made public his plan for the opening of Mooheau Hall on Monday, January 2.

The Hilo band will be in attendance and will play special music for this occasion. One composition by Prof. Carvalho is dedicated to Admiral Beckley. A bottle of champagne will be broken on the railing by Miss Juanita Beckley and the pavision dedicated to the town, or Bacchus, in this way. There will be an oration by the admiral and addresses by less notable persons one of whom will accept the gift of the admiral on behalf of Hilo.

It is thought there may be a dance in the hall in the evening. There is some talk of races at Hoolulu Park in the afternoon but it is not thought that the attendance would be large with such a counter attraction as the opening of Mocheau. There are few people in Hilo who would not go a long distance to hear Admiral Beckley tell how he had achieved success in the It is not expected that the park can be jaid out by a landscape gardener before the opening exercises but a local draughtsman has been asked to prepare p ans showing where the new kaumanie trees are to be planted. This will be done in colors and will be of art when completed.

Captain Fetter has been approached relative to a parade by the mem-bers of Company "D" and unless there is something in the rules to prevent it an event of that kind will be one of the minor attractions of the day. The trustees of the parks and public grounds of Hilo have intimated a desire to have each citizen plant a tree or shrub in the park grounds at noon, and this, too, may be a part of the program. Vi itors will be requested to bring their own garden tools and trees. The banquet to be given in the evening will be a strictly private affair and the number of invitations will be

limited LYMAN HAS A WALKOVER.

There was no quorum of the executive committee of the Republican District Committee on Monday night of Lyman was compelled to retire from last week to consider the matter of work on account of ill health. He the indorsement of a postmaster to succeed W. I. Madeira, who it is understood has been promoted. Chairman Beers has therefore called a meeting at Fireman's Hall to pass upon this matter. It is understood there is only one applicant for the office now, Chas. Siemsen having withdrawn in favor of Norman K. Lyman. This means probably a walkover for Lyman, especially in view of the fact that all the members practically of the Executive Council of the Board of Trade have endorsed his application. Postmaster Madeira has received no official notice of the contemplated change in his status and was much surprised at the public announcement of his

SUGAR BOILERS ORGANIZE.

A number of planters and sugar boilers of East Hawali met at Ray's office, Hilo last Saturday evening and perfected the organization of a Sugar Boilers Association. There were ten or more sugar boilers present, besides Managers C. C. Kennedy, John Watt, from whence the latter will shortly de-John T. Moir and Wm, Pullar, Besides a general discussion of the purpose and benefit to the sugar industry such an organization of sugar boilers or longer. might bring, the meeting elected the following officers: President, Wm. Ebeling: secretary and treasurer, John Opfergeldt; and an executive committee consisting of Messrs. Lino, Reinhardt and A. W. von Arnswaldt, which will meet once a month after the first will meet once a month after the first was promptly captured. Ebeling: secretary and treasurer, John

NOTES FROM HILO PAPERS.

gaged as supervisor for Contractor was picked up in Kau last Friday and Whitehouse on the latter's contracts brought to Hilo for identification. He about Hilo, sprained his ankle last proved not to be the person wanted week, which has prevented him from and was returned to Kau on Monday. active use of his foot. He has accepted The Japanese who killed a fellow couna position as salesman in the Olan tryman in Kau two weeks ago was seen store at Keaau, with the duties of in the vicinity of the Volcano House which he is especially familiar.

Lidgate of Paaullo, administrators of is believed to have returned to the Kau the estate of Chas. Notley, deceased, district. arrived on the Kinau last Friday to file their petition for allowance of ac- nightly swarming about the street counts, final distribution and discharge lights and falling upon the pavements. from their fiduciary positions. The Their numbers are causing housewives hearing is set for January 19th.

H. L. Holstein of Kohala is favorably plants, mentioned as speaker of House of Representatives in the next Legislature.

kaa to look after the business interests in Kaiwiki and one in Ponahawaii were of his brother, M. V. Holmes, who is at present at the coast.

at the Haili Church and the new Indi- price \$165.90, was bought by John Pavidual service recently presented to the reira for \$275. There were no bids for church by relatives of the Lyman fam- the Ponahawali lot and it was not sold. ily, who visited here last March, will be used for the first time. There will spector in Charge at Honolulu, was a be a union service in the evening at Hilo visitor Thursday, returning by which Mrs. Siemsen will sing.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Lane of Battle Creek, Mich., are visiting Mrs. Lane's Hilo Burns Club held last week, when parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. A. Hutchin- the following officers were elected to son, at Kaumana. The Lanes will prob- serve during the coming year: Presiably remain two months or longer in dent. George Wilson; vice-president, Hilo and vicinity.

turned from Honolulu on the last Ki- enzie; master at arms, Robert Ramsay. nau and are in charge of the Volcano There were the usual committees apbeen acting as manager of the moun- the anniversary of the poet on January tain house temporarily, returned to Hilo 25. The newly elected officers will be-

The Japanese running the wholesale on that date.

## Who Won Fair Fame.

Chicago Theological Seminary.

ed. Interment was at Rosehili.

Henry Lyman was born in Hilo, Hawaii, Nov. 26, 1835. His parents were
American missionaries who spent fifty
years in the work. He early became very studious. At the age of 5 years he had read the bible through and when he was 7 years old he was familiar with Greek and Latin.

In 1854 he came to this country and entered college. He was graduated from Williams College in 1858, and attended the Harvard Medical Coilege Then followed a course at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York, world and the occasion of the opening which was completed with high hon-of this grand park will not be an ex-ors. For a time he was physician at the Bellevue hospital, New York,

He served as assistant surgeon the United States hospitals in Nashville, Tenn., during the civil war, but was compelled to resign on account of ill health and soon after, in October 1863, came to Chicago, where he engaged in the practice of medicine, For years he was a professor in Rush Medical College and on the staff of the Cook county hospital. Later he was one of the attending physicians at the Presbyterian hospital and consulting physician to the Hospital for Women and Children and St. Joseph's hospital. He was an honored member of many of the leading medical societies in the country.

Dr. Lyman was the author of numer ous books on medical subjects, and a contributor to medical magazines and cyclopedias. "Insomnia and the Disorders of Sleep," is probably his best known work,

He was highly esteemed, not only as physician and author, but as a Christian gentleman. Three years ago Dr. came to Evanston about one year ago. The deceased is survived by four daughters-Miss Mary Lyman, Miss Margaret Lyman and Mrs. Howard Greer of Evanston, and Mrs. Day, wife of Rev. William Horace Day, pastor of the First Congregational church at Los Angeles, Cal.

liquor business in Hilo will not renew their license. The place is said to have been run at a severe loss.

The wedding of Miss Frances Mary Williamson to Donald McHattie Forbes will take place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John T. Moir on the morning of December 29.

Antone Oak, editor and publisher of A Setta, the Portugese weekly, entertained a large crowd last Thursday afternoon at a lunu at his home at Kaumana in commemoration of the Portugese independence.

Mr. and Mrs. Ronald C. Kennedy part for San Francisco. Mr. Kennedy took with him his new auto car and will remain in the capital city ten days

After playing hide and seek with the police for three weeks Lau Chan, the

A Japanese closely resembling the man who killed his wife at the Rick-M. Quian, who has recently been en- ard residence in Honokaa last January last Thursday, but before he could be Cecil Brown of Honolulu and Anthony apprehended he made his escape.

Myrlads of grasshoppers can be seen and planters some worry for their

Sub Land Agent Williams held a sale of Kaiwiki lots in front of the land of-E. N. Holmes left Friday for Hono- fice on Saturday last at noon. Two lots offered. One of these went to Peter Silva, the original holder, for the upset Next Sunday will be communion day price \$239.50. Lot 40, Kalwiki, unset F. M. Bechtel, U. S. Immigration In-

Friday's steamer. There was an annual meeting of the James Henderson; treasurer, Alexander Mr. and Mrs. St. Clair Bidgood re- Frazer; secretary, James S. D. Mack-Mr. Wm. Weight, who has pointed to arrange for a celebration of

gin their duties as officers of the club

## PRISONERS IN HIS CHARGE CROWING HIGH SHERIFF TO PROTECT

to put a stop to the business of solicity by discreditable means, and any policiting clients by lawyers and in behalf of man found soliciting business for an attorney had better begin looking for another job, one of the gravest abuses of the prison. The High Sheriff, in this move, is system, and perhaps the one that is in taking steps to reform an evil that has most need of reform.

Sheriff last night, "containing the the first attorney who offers himself-Dr. Henry Muson Lyman, for many name of every attorney in the city. The and the attorney who offers himself is that all arrangements for the opening of Mooheau Park are practically complete. There was a meeting of the park trustees last Wednesday night at says, 404 Lee street, after a long ill-which Admiral Beckley made public.

> The ness, and it is intimated moreover that legal patron. The more clients the bigpallbearers included a number of in the habit of seeking business for cer- Another reform the High Sheriff has

High Sheriff Henry has determined to make himself the prisoner's choice

grown to some magnitude, here and elsewhere, and an evil whose develop-"I propose to have cards printed and ment will be rapid if it is not stopped posted about the prison," said the High A man locked up is very apt to take

says, 494 Lee street, after a long inness. His funeral was held Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the
house, services being conducted by Dr.

It seems that a certain class of prac- ways, not the least of these being the house, services being conducted by Dr.

J. F. Loba of the First Congregational church and Dr. H. M. Scott of the hanging about the fall looking for busi-increase business of the policeman's have been in the habit of tendency to make frivolous arrests to During Christmas week the Republication of the hanging about the fall looking for busi-increase business of the policeman's licans of Molokai will celebrate their

physicians of Chicago with whom the deceased had been intimately association. This kind of thing has valuables taken from prisoners arrest-

### THE FUNDAMENTAL LAW OF HAWAII: A NEW LAW BOOK

The Hawaiian Gazette Company, Ltd., announce the publication of a book, edited and indexed by Lorrin A. Thurston, containing the several constitutions and other fundamental laws of earlier days, the annexation treaty, resolutions and procedure and the

The book contains 298 pages of text and 138 pages of index. It is printed in regulation law book type and style and is substantially bound in calf skin.

The price is \$5.

The scope and character of the book and the reasons for its publication are given in the preface, which is as follows:

LAW OF HAWAII.

Congress has expressly enacted a law organizing Hawaii into a Territory, 1887. and extended the provisions of the ritory.

In a restricted sense, therefore, the United States Constitution and the Or- of Hawaii, 1894. ganic Act constitute Hawaii's fundamental law; but the Organic Act the United States, 1897, specifically re-enacts the great body of 10. The Resolution of pre-existing Hawalian statute law, which was based upon the several Ha-waiian Constitutions and organic laws, 11. A large proportion of the law gov- annexing Hawaii, 1898.

on these early constitutions and laws; s necessary to consult them in order to the government of Hawaii, issued to have a comprehensive understand- during the transition period between ing of existing Hawaiian law. They the date of annexation and the pasare nearly all published, however, in sage of the Organic Act, 1898-1900 books now out of print, and in scattered 13. The Act of Congress organ volumes, inaccessible to many, and in- Hawali into a Territory, 1909, conveniently located for all. In fact,

tinually being presented to them. accompanied Mrs. Kennedy's mother, ence form of what may be called the ent law.

Mrs. Robt. Hawxhurst, to Honolulu, findamental law of Hawaii." To meet Only a few of the laws, constitutions this requirement the following con- and documents re-published, have ever this requirement the following con- and documents re-published, have ever ence form of what may be called "the ent law,

published together in 1842.

3. The law creating and principles index of the whole, guiding the Land Commission. The second Constitution of Kamehameha III, 1852,

PAHIA MUST PAY

fendant. An appeal was noted.

A decree for the complainant is en-

and an injunction issued accordingly

the water from the Ahupuan of Wai-

luku, in any other manner than au-

Defendant in the suit of R. C. A. Peterson vs. Elizabeth S. Church has

LAIN'S COUGH REMEDY.

Mothers buy it for croupy children,

railroadmen buy it for severe coughs

and elderly people buy it for la grippe."

say Moore Bros., Eldon, Iowa, U. S. A.

'We sell more of Chamberlain's Cough

Remedy than any other kind. It seems

& Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

thorized in the decree.

EVERYBODY

to file her bill of exceptions,

PREFACE TO THE FUNDAMENTAL 5. The Constitution of Kamehameha V, 1864. 6. The Constitution of Kalakaua,

7. The Proclamation and orders incl-United States Constitution to the Ter- dent to the establishment of the Provisional Government, 1893. 8. The Constitution of the Republic

> 9. The treaty annexing Hawaii to 10. The Resolution of the Hawaiian

> Senate ratifying the annexation treaty, 11. The Joint Resolution of Congress

erning real estate, property and per- 12. The documents and procedure in-sonal rights in Hawaii being based up- cident to the transfer of the sovereignty and possession of Hawaii to the and precedents, decisions and court United States, 1898; and the executive practice having grown out of them, it orders of President McKinley, relating

13. The Act of Congress organizing

The laws of 1842 are not "fundamennot even practicing lawyers in Hawaii tal" in the sense that the constitutions can, except at considerable ress of time, and other laws and documents are; but place their hands on the laws and con- they have been included herein for the stitutions necessary for the study and reason that they were not only the first decision of practical questions con- written laws of Hawaii, but embodied many of the pre-existing laws and cus-Under these circumstances it is be- toms of the country and therefore lieved that the public interest requires throw a strong light upon the origin the re-publication in convenient refer- and development of much of the pres-

stitutions, laws and documents have been indexed. A full index of all of tour of the whole island learning the been compiled under the common title them is included herein. Instead of one of "The Fundamental Law of Hawaii," general index, each is indexed separ-legislature, viz.: Weather: Pleasant all the week exately. The reason for such treatment is 1. The first Constitution of Kame- that reference will usually be desired cepting Tuesday. hameha III, 1840, including the pre- to a given subject in some one law viously issued Bill of Rights. 2. The first laws of Hawaii, enacted will be much easier found in the short under Kamehameha III, (1834-1842), index of the particular law, than it would have been in a necessarily long

The table of contents gives the page of each constitution and law and of its Lots of it in Honolulu But

# CAPTAIN SANDERS'S

Captain Sanders, pilot of Bonolulu Maleka Hailele was given judgment against Frank Pahia in the sum of \$50 port, received news of his mother's and costs, on account of two cows un- death by the latest mail. The New Era lawfully detained, the trial without a of Norwich, Conn., of Friday, Novemjury having been concluded yesterday ber 25, contains the following obituary before Judge Robinson, C. W. Ash- of the venerable lady: ford for plaintiff; W. C. Achi for de-

"Mrs. Ann W. Sanders, widow of the late Captain J. N. Sanders, died at her tered in the Suoreme Court in the in- home yesterday morning aged 89 years, junction suit of Hawaiian Commercial after an illness of several years. The & Sugar Co. vs. Walluku Sugar Co., deceased leaves two sons, C. C. Sanders of New York and M. N. Sanders enjoining the respondent from using of Honolulu, and one daughter, Mrs F. A. Arnold of this place."

#### Port Townsend Notes.

Port Townsend, Nov. 18 .- The schoon twenty days from yesterday in which er Alice Cooke, Capt. Penhallow, arrived in port today from Port Gamble USES CHAMBER- to secure a crew for her voyage to Honolulu. She has a cargo of about 950,000 feet of lumber loaded from the Puget Mill Company.

Port Blakeley, Nov. 18.—The Ameri-

can ship Arthur Sewall arrived this after noon from Port Gamble to take on the balance of her cargo of lumber for to have taken the lead over several Shanghal. The Sewall is one of the other good brands." For sale by All largest salling vessels ever loaded at Dealers and Druggists. Benson Smith this port, being 2,919 tons register. She is commanded by Capt. B. Gaffry.

# NOT OVER

## Celebrating --- Mrs. Miner Dead.

MAUI, Dec. 10.-Maui and Molokai Republicans are still feeling most jubilant over the results of the recent campaign. Such a sweeping victory was meeting Thursday evening, with D. H. unexpected, the most optimistic leaders prophesizing the election of all candisecretary. dates excenting one Representative by small majorities, or the success of the

recent victory at the polls by grand luaus in the three precincts of Halawa, Pukoo and Kaunakakai, Representativeelect Moses Nakuina of Molokai has written inviting all the recently elected Maui legislators to be present at and to participate in this jubilation,

The celebration by the Kula Republicans of the 0th Maui precinct at Kea-lahou school premises last Saturday afternoon was a great success, being at-tended by two hundred and fifty people

representing all political parties. Senator-elect Sam'l E. Kalama and Representative-elect George Copp de-livered interesting addresses. Messrs. kona gale that was prevailing all over the island.

All reports to the contrary Mani leg-islators will go to Honolulu unpledged in regard to the selection of speaker for House of Representatives. It is rumored that the speakership would not be unacceptable to Representative W. J. Coelho, but nothing definite concerning the matter has been announced.

#### OBITUARY.

Thursday morning, Mrs. George E. Miner, the wife of a well-known Maka-wao resident, died suddenly of heart disease. Mrs. Miner was about 53 years of age and was educated at Maunaolu Seminary. She leaves a husband and ten children—seven boys and three girls. The funeral, which took place Friday afternoon at the Miner residence in Makawao, was conducted by Rev. John Kalino of Paia and Rev. Issac D. Iaca of Haiku. There was a large attendance of relatives and friends at the ceremony.

Mr. Coelho as representative elect,

The kona wind which had been blowing "off and on" for ten days on Maui was terminated on Tuesday by rain and fog from the north. In Hana the rainfall for Tuesday was 1 1-2 inches and

in other places somewhat less.
Wednesdry afternoon the Makawao
Ladies' Aid Society held their annual
election of officers at the residence of
Mrs. D. C. Lindsay of Paia. The following were chosen: Mrs. W. O. Aiken,
president; Mrs. H. A. Baldwin, vicepresident; Mrs. W. F. McCorkey, secretary; and Mrs. W. S. Nicoll, treasurer.
The oil vessel Argyll left Kabului on

The oil vessel Argyll left Kahului on Wednesday. On the same day the steam-er Kanai shipped some mulas for Haelo plantation and departed from Kahului. Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Haiku are at Ofinda House. A. Baldwig of

On Tuesday congratulations were due Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Hair of Hamakua-poko upon the advent of a baby girl.

The Mani schools will close for the holidays on the 16th during which Christmas tree exercises will be held at the four kindergartens, at Kaupakalua,

Makawao and other places. One of the complaints of the small farmer is that in case he does make a success of any one industry the plantations are ready to take it up on

ompetition.

Rep. Coelho of Wailuku is making a

# Crying for Help STRANGE FACTS ABOUT

Daily Growing Less.

Backache is one of the first indica tions of kidney trouble. it is the kidneys' first cry for help.

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are what is wanted. Are just what overworked kidneys

They strengthen and invigorate the help them to do their work:

never fall to cure any case of kidney Reed the proof from a Honolulu citi-

Mr. Charles Comey, of Cyclomere street, this city, one of the many persons who have tried Doan's Backache Kidney Pills with great advantage, relates his experience thus: "I have been a hack driver for a number of years past and this is an occupation in which, through exposure to weather acquainted me with what gran Hollister Drug Co.'s store. I used them

lieved my back wonderfully." Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers or sent by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents per box by the Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawalian

and with very much profit, for they re-

Remember the name Doan's and take

# **PROGRESSIVE** WAILUKANS

#### Republicans Still Improvement Association Holds a Meeting. Brevities.

WAILUKU, Dec. 10.-The Improvement Association held its monthly meeting Thursday evening, with D. H.

Chairman Coelho of the tree committee reported difficulty in roadside tree planting because of the fact that the lines of the roads are not definitely

There was a discussion of an armory site, different ones having their special advocates.

It was reported that, if s ight changes were made in the plans, the contract for building the jail and fire station, at \$8000, would be awarded,

Mr. Case was appointed a committee of one to see the Governor about Maui appropriations, Messrs, McKay, Coke and Ault, as an emergency cor mittee, reported a resolution which was adopted, urging upon the Execu-Hayselden, Pali, and Kalino were un-able to be present on account of the the matter of the expenditure of aptive the necessity of prompt action in propriations, a copy of the resolution to be forwarded directly to Governor Carter,

A letter from President Pinkham of the Board of Health was read, which stated that there were no funds to pay a sanitary inspector and suggested that the Walluku police look after the matter. George Weight had been appointed food inspector without salary, and W. G. Scott and S. B. Harry volunteer-

ed to act in the same capacity.
Complaint was discussed of the neglect of duties by road boards. Mr. Coelho reported a case where an old bridge was removed on the board's promise to meet at once and have a new bridge built. Three months had

Mr. Coelho as representative elect, invited the Association to prepare suggestions for legislation,

VARIOUS ITEMS.

The return Kona storm reached Maut on Monday night and it rained steadily for twenty-four hours.

The doctors report that the health of the Walluku people is very unsatisfactory from the physician's stand-

Puunene Mill has already turned out about 20,000 sacks of sygar this season and has hardly got winder good head-The Chinese of Walluku are erect-

ing a large two-story building on Vineyard street, to be used as a Chinese joss house. Sugar is being rapidly piled up in the Kahului warehouses awaiting shipment. Some 1600 tons have already been received and about 6000 tons will probably be received by the end of the month, when the first shipment of the

season, some 5200 tons, will be made on the Nevadan, which is scheduled to arrive early in January, The pumping in plants on Spreckelsville are closed down for the pres-

ent due to the recent heavy rains. The late rains will be very beneficial to the pasture lands of Kula and Maa larger scale and crush him out by kawao which until very recently have had scarcely any rain

> different mills The typhoid patients from Maunaolu Seminary have quite recovered and most of them have returned home.

Sugar is piling up very rapidly at the

# THE SPANISH WAR

The St. James's Gazette says: "Last

year we saw the remarkable spectacle of the Spanish nation suing a firm of Clyde ship-builders for having let them in for a war and incidentally causing them to lose 160,000 miles of territory and some ten million subjects. That, of course, was not the wording of the claim, but it came to that. Had they received in time the four torpedo-boat destroyers which they had ordered from the Clyde they would have been able to suppress the insurrection in Cuba. have prevented the landing of arms, and never have been brought into conflict with the United States. claimed £75,500, and the Edinburgh Court of Ses ion awarded her £67,500 and interest. But if Spain proved unready, America was even worse. When the Maine went down, she carried with her all America's supply of ammunition. There did not remain on board which, through exposure to the American neet or in the and much jumping up and down from depots in the United States two rounds depots in the United States two rounds the vehicle, one is particularly liable to depots in the United States two rounds kidney complaint. I suffered myself per gun. That was why negotiations from a lame back for a long while, and were protracted. While the diplomain my anxiety to get rid of it tried tists were talking peace, men were several things which did not reach the working day and night in secret, turncoot of my trouble. An advertisement ling out munitions of war. When sufwork ficient had been manufactured, a sealed Doan's Backache Kidney Pilis were express was raced across America, doing, and I got some of them at the taking precedence of every other train. At San Francisco it transferred its load to a swift steamer, which hastened to Honolulu, there to put its cargo aboard the Baltimore. The latter passed on to Hongkong and distributed its store, Admiral Dewey sailed on April 15th for Manila, and in the bay on May Day that ammunition was turned to account in a manner with which all the world is familiar."

## Kawaiian Gazette.

H. T. Second-class Matter, BEMI-WEEKLY. BSUED TUBEDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

WALTER G. SMITH, Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES. Month, Foreign ..... Year ..... 5.00

Payable Invariably in fidvance.

A. W. PEARSON,

Year, Foreign ..... 6.00

TUESDAY : : : DECEMBER 13

#### HIS OWN REVIEWER.

A few weeks ago Mr. Andrew Lang wrote a piece for the Independent magszine, in which he claimed that authors were the best reviewers of their own works. It was palpably a joke on the part of Mr. Lang, but it gave the editors of the Independent an idea and the result is a series of book reviews written by the authors themselves.

These reviews, as the Kansas City Journal remarks, are not of much worth as criticism, though none of the writers spares himself-some tearing their pets sources of material.

in the last number of the magazine we the United States has rapidly increased are attracted by Mr. Thomas Dixon's criticism of his story "The One Woman." He says he took the characters from life. That has never been doubted in the West, where the hero, and the west where the hero, and the west where the hero, and the west week and the woman to a second with the work with the woman terms of railroads. or villain, was personally known to a good many people. The preacher sochalist with whom the story deals held between the United States and Mexico a professorship in a Kansas college during the Populist-Socialist period. Mr. Dixon has drawn him true to life and has departed not at all from the facts in his shameless abandonment of a good family. He says of the novel:

'The One Woman' was written in strength and weakness. Had I laid it aside for six months I would have corrected many of its faults. It is overrected many of its faults. It is overcrowded with incident. Its emotional development is too swift and intense. spirit as embodied in Kate and Ruth is too strong for the very young. I would have cut the closing chapters and from us. ended the book with Gordon knocking at Ruth's door the night he fled from his new wife's home. All this and more I would surely have done had I held the book out six months and carefully revised it and in doing so I would just as surely have made it in every way weaker and more ineffective for every purpose I had in view. As it stands the book is an authentic record of human life in America today. I wish it had been better written. It was the best I could do at the time. I hope to do better in the next."

The supreme thought which possessed Mr. Dixon was to show that social-American people and destroying the "In reply to the brilliant and Dixon, "I presented in this parable the fact that monogamic marriage is not merely a dogma of the church, or a con-

"The very tragedy she played was beenacted in Washington before President Roosevelt while I was days are scarce on Maul, The Repubwriting the story, although I did not licans of that district are going to have longer the waterway is in building, know it until after the manuscript was their delighted surprise at coming out and the more it costs, the better for finished. A man in New Orleans de- of the big end of the election horn to the Klondike with his new love. On that the dominant party on Maui de-North, his new wife smiled on another pulling through. man, and he killed the interloper. She testified against him, and he was convicted of murder. The deserted wife back drivers' case is that liverymen took her place by his side, and through "cannot go upon the streets and openly every trial fought with desperation for solicit trade in the same manner his life. On the final appeal to the now done by the hackmen without first president she sat down on the steps of procuring for its vehicle and its driver the White House, and for weeks made the same license required of a hackpiteous pleading."

Jap laborers want more pay because ed of livery incursions into its special having to pay larger tolls on account of sugar has gone up. They also wanted field. more when sugar was going down. It would serve these fellows right if 30,-000 Chinese could be got to compete with them.

It is pretty nearly time for Japanin Vladivostok harbor.

#### TRADE WITH MEXICO.

The recent announcement of ico tenda especial interest to some figures just compiled by the Department in the agricultural capabilities of Commerce and Labor through its group extended at that these Bureau of Statistics regarding the coraico have grown from 13,000,000 dollars in 1990 to 40,000,000 dollars in 1964, speakports to Mexico in 1904 were three and one-half times as great as in 1890, and our imports from Mexico practically ers." twice as great as in that year,

of Mexican trade with the United States with the total trade of Mexico. These show that of the imports into Mexico in the latest year for which information is available the United States supplied 59 per cent of the total imports. and that of the exports from Mexico 76 per cent were sent to the United States. Mexico takes from the United States a larger share of her total imports than any other country in the world except Canada, which takes 60 per cent of her imports from the United States; and Mexico sends to the United States also a larger share of her exports than any other country in the world except Cuba, of whose exports during the fiscal year 1904, 89.6 per cent went to the United States, as against 76 per cent of the total exports of Mex-But they are strongly interesting as showing the state of mind in which the books were written. The state of mind in which the books were written, the secret impulse ports supplied by the United States and which caused the writing and the the percentage of Mexico's exports sent for earlier years, it is well known that ports into Mexico and the share which Prior to the construction of railroads the share of Mexico's imports supplied by the United States ranged from 20 to 30 per cent, against the 59 per cent of the present time, as above noted; while the share of Mexico's exports sent to the United States was about in the same proportion. The effect of direct rail communication between the United gle overpowering impulse, hence its States and Mexico is also illustrated strength and weakness. Had I laid it by the fact that the Central American prior to the construction of rallways connecting the two countries, now cent which Mexico takes of her imports

#### DIVERSIFIED INDUSTRIES.

something which many talk about as Chinese and Japanese are raising nearly desirable for Hawaii, but when it all the vegetables we eat. Hawaii, decomes to doing anything to help estabother fellow do it. The number of people who take an active interest in versified farming than Nordhoff had in diversified agriculture in Hawaii is comparatively small, but these few are in earnest, and will not be deterred able agriculture. By the time another fam is sapping the moral fiber of the from their work by lack of attendance thirty-one years passes this paper exof the general public at meetings held pects that the Territory will not only for the purpose of promoting new and feed itself and a vastly greater popuspecious pleas for free love made by our modern socialistic reformers," says Mr. time a manifestation of appreciation is ties commonly raised in this latitude. always a help, and all who can do so should attend the meeting this even-

is the normal woman. She could have osity ought not to be denied on a day done nothing else than what she did, so intimately connected with the ca-The world is full of such women." But reer and the royal lineage of this great interesting beyond any mere assertion man. In the natural demand of Hilo is the following statement of facts not that the admiral should garb himself unfamiliar to the readers of newspa- as befits the day Honolulu feelingly joins.

Evidently wonders that survive nine serted his wife and children and went warmed over for Christmas. It is clear the way, in the freedom of the wild pended upon downright hard work for

> The ruling of Judge Whitney in the interest, which has for years complain-

There is more talk of extending the Hilo is going to have an arbor day wireless from the Farallones to Ho- feature in the dedication of Mocheau nolulu. If the scheme ever works, no park. Planting trees by roadsides is ship running between these two points engaging the attention of the Wailuku and supplied with the proper appara- Improvement Association. ese torpedo boats to give an exhibition tus, need ever be out of touch with the not in all the thoughts of the people of land. Hawaii.

#### LOOKING BACKWARD.

The render of Mr. Nordboff's articles posed new form of currency for Mex- on Hawati, first published over thirtyone years ago, will find that disbetief in the agricultural capabilities of this cane and coffee, Sugar cane, Mr. Nords merce between the United States and hoff said, had not entirely falled; "yet Mexico. These figures show that the when you hear of plantations which exports from the United States to Mexcost \$50,000 sold by the Sheriff for \$15,-666 bought in for \$40,660 and hardly paying in round terms; and that the im- ing a profit on even this minor sum, you will scarcely regard this industry as a thriving one." And he added in ports into the United States from Mexico have grown from 22,000,000 dollars in as a thriving one." And he added in 1850 to 44,000,000 in 1904. Thus our extion of sugar which has not ruined the first and sometimes the second own-Already the borer was at wice as great as in that year.

An even more interesting fact is gun to suffer from a worm which eats found in a comparison of the figures out the pith near the ground and thus destroys the whole cane," Surely the conditions were very bad and Mr. Nordboff felt justified in warning people to keep away. "What is certain," said he, "is that these islands, aside from said their fine climate, have absolutely nothing to tempt our own people to live

on them or to invest money in them." This was in August, 1873. Two years later 25,680,182 pounds of sugar produced in Hawaii, valued at \$1,216,-388. Five years after that, in 1880, the weight of the manufactured product were 171,350,314 and the value \$8,536,061. In 1890 Hawaii yielded 259,789,462 pounds | the upset price of \$2,200. of sugar worth \$12,159,585; and so on up to the crop of 1903, which was 774,825,fee in the meantime-a product for Francisco capitalist, in a scheme to rewhich Mr. Nordhoff said there was no hope-became a large and healthy crop. is said to be dependent somewhat on the business finally falling off, not be- the outcome of the sale under forethe business finally falling off, not be-cause of pests, but for reason that the closure, on the 24th inst, of the entire market price of coffee went suddenly assets of Hana Plantation Co.

Why was there such a failure in the science to it. They demonstrated that in spite of the borer, cane could be profitably grown; and when the reciprocity treaty was signed they enlisted the best talent they could find to pro- tee from Congress is \$2,000. tect the fields while they went ahead in cultivating and reaping them and on the face of the globe.

What Mr. Nordhoff said of sugar and development is too swift and intense.

The contrast between the field and the the United States, as against the 59 per miliar it all sounds; like a Star editorial.

The schools at Kukulhaete and Ookala. and will be towed by the steamer Rose miliar it all sounds; like a Star editorial.

Dr. Hoffmann, who is attending A. crans, which is expected to leave Hill. -because "there is no market for beef

and mutton." But see how the prophet has been ment which has little more faith in di- garding Toeplemann sugar-Hawaii is slowly but surely becoming a country or varied and profitlation, but will export all the commodi-

#### A BROKEN DOWN SYSTEM.

vention of society, but that it is eternally fixed in nature and that he who departs from it will come back at last by the way of blood and tears."

Dixon leaves no doubt of the source of his material. He says that a few years ago the Rev. Frank Gordon was a brilliant minister preaching the word of God. "Today," he declares, "he is a socialistic bushwhacker in Chicago, preaching socialism with his new wife. That the leaders of radical socialism are the enemies of our family life is plainly shown by their divorce court.

records. Their sayage personal letters to me and their hysterical reviews of my book indicate that "The One Woman" hit the mark."

It will be remembered that the Rev. Frank Gordon killed the man who seduced his "new" wife away. Then he went back to his divorced wife who finally overcame every obstacle in the mail oration in the afternoon, It is the general sentiment of Hilo that the Admiral should wear full dress on the platform, including his royal orders. Few Mr. Dixon says: "I will risk my hope of immortality on the assertion that she is the normal woman. She would be asserted and namerous she can be shipping interests are stronger on the pacific than on the Atlantic coast, than by any other knews combination. So surely as it is taken in accordance with the shattered bealth be reatored, the EXPIRING LAMP Of LIFE LIGHTED UP AFRISH, and a new existence imparted in place of what had so lately seemed worsout. "used up" and so lately seemed worsout. "used up "and so lately seemed worsout. "used up" and so lately seemed worsout. "used up "and so lately as it is taken in accordance with the shattered bealth be reatored. The Sham by any other knews combination. So marked to be surely as it is taken in accordance with the shattered bealth be reatored. The Sham by any other knews combination. So may so it is taken in accordance with the shattered bealth be shattered bealth be reatored. The shall have seen seed worsout. "used up "

old by the principal Chemists throughout the id. Price in England, 2/9 and 4/6, Pur-ners should see that the word "Therapion" appears on Beltish Government Stamp in white letters on a red ground) affixed to every package by order of His Anjesty's Hon, Commissioners, and without which it is a forgety.

It is easy to see why the Panamites want a sea-level canal at the expense of a hundred millions more, for the the Panama business men and specunitors. But there appears to be no reason, from the American point of view, why the lock plans should be changed. A lock is not a serious obstruction, and very large ones are now used on the Nile at the Assouan dam. where they work with ease and a prompt despatch of trade. At Pasama the engineering problems are not difficult, and commerce prefers to get a Mr. Roosevelt's life miserable with her man." This ought to satisfy the hack lock passage sooner than to wait some extra years for a tide-level privilege

Sugar is

#### LOCAL BREVITIES.

Miss Prescott of the Honolula Times

ie ill with a severe cold eroner's jury in Puna, Hawait, found there was circumstantial evidence against Yamasaki for the murder of Kiyota Yasohachi on November

25th. E. H. Cocke, clerk in the United States Quartermaster's office, has been ordered to Manila. He will be accompanied by his wife, formerly Miss Os-

The annual memorial services of the Kamehameha schools in honor of the late Princess Bernice Paushi Bishop morial service of the Kamehamehi will be held at the Royal Mausoleum, 20, at 10 a. m.

A warrant was issued by Judge Rob-Eugenio Arroyo for murder. Chester rested the men.

front of the judiciary building yester-day resulted as follows: Tantalus lot, tiful. acres, bought by E. H. Wodehouse for \$1,821, one dollar above the upset price; lot at Kaalawai, near Diamond Head, 6,731 square feet, bought by R. had risen to 63,584.871 pounds and the dollars over the upset price; lease of noon to-day. An upset price of \$507.60 value to \$4,322,711. In 1885 the figures Kulaimanu, North Hilo, 347 acres, five is put on the property. Kulaimanu, North Hilo, 347 acres, five is put on the property, years, bought by E. Faxon Bishop for The Kamehameha A

organize Hana plantation. The scheme

It is believed by some who have look. ed into the matter that Curtis P. Iaudire sugar predictions of 1872? It was kea, defeated candidate of the Damosimply because intelligent men took crats for Delegate, has failed to fulfil hold of the cane industry and applied the conditions required for contesting the election of Kuhlo in Washington. There is a great deal of expense connected with a contest, but the utmost the law allows a contestant or contes-

The schools down the line of the Oahu railroad are mostly in the hands of milling the crop. The result was to teachers from Hawaii. The school at make Hawali in the course of a few Alea is under Principal Estep and his years the richest country per capita assistant is Miss Rickard, and both held similar positions in Hamakua for some years. The Pearl City school has Mrs. coffee nearly a generation ago was also J. N. Bell for principal. She was formsaid of most other agricultural prod- erly in the Ainakea school of Kohala. ucts except sweet potatoes and taro. Mrs. R. M. Overend is principal of the Everything else was doomed, even the school at Walpahu and was the prinforests were perishing; there was no cipal of the Honokaa school for four chance for the small or general farmer." years. Miss Alice Winter, the princi- probably go up in charge of Otto Pet The gifted writer even advised against pai at Waianae, has been principal of

Toeplemann, who was badly injured a few weeks ago by falling, as it is alleged, from a sidewalk into an excava confounded. General agriculture has tion on Liliha street, states that his gone on into sisal, bananas, pineap- patient is improving, although he has The public meeting of the Farmers' gone on into sisal, bananas, pincap-not recovered his mental faculties. He Institute, at the Government Nursery ing and milch cattle and is finding its this evening, should be numerously attended. "Diversified industries" is way toward tobacco, rubber, vanilla, caller, and some of his old friends he tended. "Diversified industries" is wine grapes coron and lines; while the seems to remember. He is still at the wine grapes, cocoa and limes; while the seems to remember. He is still at the Queen's Hospital. Dr. Hoffmann believes the man will recover his physical lish some industry other than sugar, spite the knockers, who still exist; demost everybody is willing to let the want all the land; despite a governand mental equilibrum. German Consul

## BIDS FOR A ROAD AND SUNDRY SCHOOLHOUSES

Bids were opened by the Commissioner of Public Works yesterday for one in the advertising columns of the Ma road, and a number of small school nila papers. His address is 170, Call houses. The bidders, and the amounts Arlegul, Manila. bid were:

work to be completed in seventy days.
Olaa school—H. Kendale, \$1296; J.
Erickson, \$1275; L. M. Whitehouse,
one of the

Halehaku school-R. Horne, \$1381; J. A. Aheong, \$1363. Kaauhuhu school—J. Erickson, \$1350. J. A. Aheong, \$1363; H. Destries, \$1580; H. P. Davis, \$1375; H. H. Kendall, \$1325; C. D. Durnin, \$1400. Kawaihae school—Silva & Costa,

\$3725; H. D. Fries, \$3323; G. W. Mc-Dougall, \$1255; H. H. Lamber, \$3198; J. D. Lewis, \$3286; J. Erickson, \$3295; M. Whitehouse, \$4230.



If your hair is too long, go to your barber. He has the remedy—a pair of shears. If your hair is too short, go to your druggist. He has the remedy
—a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor.

# Is a Hair Food.

It feeds the hair. The hair grows ng and heavy because it gives to the hair just what it needs.

If your hair is turning gray, it shows there is lack of hair nourishment. Give your hair this hair-food and it will take on new life. Soon all the deep, rich color of youth will return

We are sure you will be greatly pleased with Ayer's Hair Vigor as a hair-dressing. It makes the hair soft and smooth, and prevents splitting at the code.

pared by Dr. J. C. Aver Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

#### LOCAL BREVITIES.

(From Seturday's Advertiser) Nearly all of the sugar mills on Oahu

have begun grinding the new crop. Superintendent of Public Works Hollowsy was in Ewn yesterday lookins after the construction of some bridges.

Resolutions backing up the request for appropriations by Congress to improve Honolulu harbor adopted by the Chamber of Commerce and the Merchants' Association go forward to Washington in today's mail.

Cards have been issued for the me Schools in honor of Bernice Pauahi Nuuanu vailey, on Tuesday, December Bishop at the Mausoleum, Tuesday 20, at 10 a. m. Tuesday morning Dec. 20, at 10 o'clock,

A competitive examination of ap inson yesterday for Julian Calon, Jose plicants for positions in second grade Montaivo and Julian Rondon who are customs will be held at the High school customs will be held at the High school required as witnesses in the trial of building on December 17, at nine a, m A great many of the dolls to be sold Doyle swore out the warrant and ar- at the Chinese fair on the 17th of December at W. M. Graham's place will Government land sales at auction in be dressed in Chinese costume.

The sale of 25,38 peres of Kula land at Puuwaawaa, North Kona, postponed from last Saturday, will be held at the C. A. Peterson, agent, for \$367.55; a few front of the Judiciary building at 12

The Kamehameha Alumni Association wishes to remind all its members M. S. Grinbaum, who arrived from of the gifts that the association is to San Francisco last week, is reported to make to the leper settlement this 420 pounds, valued at \$25,310,684. Cof- be interested with James Angus, a San Christmas. All gifts are to be left at the Kamehameha Alumni Hall,

> (From Sunday's Advertiser) The Kinau brought up thirteen prisoners from Hilo to serve time in Oahu Jail.

> The American-Hawaiian Company's steamer Nebraskan lately made the run from New York to San Diego in fortyeight days.

> E. C. Brown of the Dearborn Drug & Chemical Co., received a cablegram yesterday announcing the death of his father at Terre Haute, Ind.

Policeman Akana gathered in nin gamblers in the Chinese quarter las night and Policeman Nebo caught fiv of the same gentry down Kakaako way The pond near the Japanese club house at Waikiki, of which complain has been made to the Board of Heilth has been nearly filled with sand at th expense of private parties, Mr. Pink ham among the rest.

The tug Charles Counselman, now a Hilo, will be sent to the mainland a bout December 15th. The vessel wi erson and Engineer John Utterstron at about that time,

(From Monday's Advertiser) W. H. Cornwell of Maui is in town Rev. O. H. Gulick returned in the

Claudine from Maul, The next mail from the coast wil be by the Alameda on Friday.

Gross receipts from the children' operetta Saturday night were over \$800 J. K. Farley is in town from Kaua to attend the meeting of tax assessors John Richardson denies that he is go ing to start a Democratic paper of

The segregation habeas corpus case before Judge Dole will have its hearing resumed this morning.

E, B, Carley, tax assessor of Maul meeting of the tax equalization board

The name of Prof. E. Cook, formerly a music teacher in Honolulu, appear

Rev. Doremus Scudder of Hawaii For the road from Kahahiki to Ho-nakua—John Muller, \$3950, work to be completed in 183 days; G. W. McDougall, \$3629, work to be completed in two gall, \$3629, work to be completed in two hundred days; L. Vasconcelles, \$3339, "The Hand of God in Our Mid-Pacific

Judge Robinson has work cut out for one of the busiest days he has had in his time on the bench. Pleas to indictments are due at 9 o'clock. A criminal trial is set for 16, prior to which a return of a special venire of jurors must be had. There is a long list of chambers cases left by Judge Gear down for hearing. For 4 p. m. the postponed hearing of motion for confirmation of the South Kona foreclosure sale is set.

Dr. Wm. G. Rogers, the ocuilst and aurist, leaves this afternoon for Maui and will return on or about the 24th

Trustees of the Chamber of Commerce will hold their monthly meeting tomorrow morning. The Board of Tax Equalization is

will remain here. Edward L. Collins heretofore with

the Bishop estate, is now engaged in the whole group. the Bank of Hawaii The Kamehameha girls' second team

defeated the Punahou second team yesterday by the score of 11 to 3. A request has gone out to the party from the Republican Central Committee for suggestions of amendments to

the organization rules. There is talk among the members of the Honolulu Gun Club about making regulations to be recommended to the Legislature for checking the wholesale slaughter of birds. Doves are bagged

by the hundred to a single sportsman. The Christmas box of Kamehameha Alumni Association for Kalaupapa must be shipped on the 17th inst. Donors of clothing or other gifts are requested to send their offerings to 1337

Fort street as soon as possible. Miss Schaefer, daughter of F. A. Schaefer, was thrown out of her car- is prevailing direction during 24 hours riage on Alakea street yesterday. She ending at 8 p. m. Velocity of wind is was carried, unconscious into Dr. Mc-was carried, unconscious into Dr. Mc-average velocity in miles per hour. ALEX. McC. ASHLEY. Donald's office, where restoratives were administered.

## All Humors

Are impure matters which the skin, liver, kidneys and other organs can not take care of without help, there is

such an accumulation of them. They litter the whole system.

Pimples, boils, eczems and other eruptions, loss of appetite, that tired feeling, bilious turns, fits of indigestion, duil headaches and many other troubles are due to them.

#### Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Remove all humors, overcome all their effects, strengthen, tone and invigorate the whole system.

"I had salt rheum on my hands so that I could not work. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla. and it drove out the humor. I continued. Its use till the sores disappeared." Mas. IRA O. BROWN, Rumford Falls, Me.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to-cure and keeps the promise.

BUSINESS CARDS. I. HACKFELD & CO., LTD.—General Commission Agents, Queen St., Hone-lulu, H. I.

A. SCHAEFER & CO.—Importers and Commission Merchants, Honois-iu, Hawailan Islands.

LEWERS & COOKE.—(Robert Lewers, F. J. Lowrey, C. M. Cooke.)—Import-ers and dealers in lumber and build-ing materials. Office, 414 Fort St.

RONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.—Ma-chinery of every descrition made to

#### HONOLULU STOCK EXCHANGE.

Honolulu, Dec. 12, 1904.

NAME OF STOCK	Capital.	Val.	B13.	Ank
MERCANTILE.			-	
C. Brewer & Co	\$1,000,000	100	330	
BUGAR				
Haw. Agricultural	5,000,000	30	27	273
Haw, Com. & SugarCo	2,812,750	100		14
Hawaiian Sugar Co.	2,000,000	100	32	7
Honomu	2.000,000 750,000	100	185	
COHOLEN,	2.000.000	20		
Halku	500,000	100	180	
Kahuku. Kihel Plan. Co., Ltd.	2,500,000	20	1174	2
Kipahulu	160,000	100		
B.OIOR	500,000	100	****	
McBryde Sug. Co., Ltd	3,500,000	20	134	8%
Uanu Bugar Co	3,600,000	100	100	10
Onomea	1,000.000	20		
Ookala Olaa Sugar Co., Ltd	500,000	20	6	63
		100	80	
Pasuhan BugPlanCo.	5,000,000	100		
Pacific	500,000	100		
	750,000	100	190	
Pioneer	750,000	100	***	
repeckeo Pioneer Waialus Agri, Co	4,500,000	100	175	,
	700,000	100		2
Waimanalo	252,000	100		16
STRANSHIP COS.				
Wilder S S. Co.	500,000	100		
MISCRLLAPHOUS.	500,000	100	110	
Gam Wheet-to Co.	560,000	100	10 14	
H. R. T. & L. Co., Pd		****		10
H. R. T. & L. Co., rd H. R. T. & L. Co., C Mutual Tel. Co. O. R. & L. Co.	1,000,000	100	10.34	6
Mutual Tel. Co	150,000	****	. 69	1
Hilo R. R. Co	1,000,000			
BONDS.	21000,000	***		****
Haw Ton In a cont	190	A 11	14 3	FR
Glaims). Baw Terrl. 4% p. c				973
naw Terri. 436 p. c.		11.00	1 332	Part of
Dawn Corel . O			100	
Co. 5 p. c				
Ewa Plant., 6 p. c			100	
Hawatten Succession	********		101	
Ce. 5 p. c	*****		100%	10
Hon, R. T. & L. Co.		*****	105	9
8 p. c.		17.5	100	
Kahuku 6 p. c.			100	
O. R. & L. Co., 6 p. c .			10834	1043
Olas Sugar Co., 6 p. c.	********	****	100	1005
Pala 6 p. c.			*****	. 8
Kahuku 6 p. c. O. R. & L. Co., 6 p. c. Oahu Sugar Co., 6 p. c. Olaa Sugar Co., 6 p. c. Plaia 6 p. c. Pioneer Mill Co. 6 p. c. Walalua Ag. Co., 8 p. c.			101	9
Walalna Ar Co an o	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	0.2552	9934	10

SALES BETWEEN BOARDS.

Twenty-five Kahuku, \$25.50; 60 Olaa, \$5; \$7000 O. R. L. & L. Co. 6 per cent ds. \$104.

TIDES, SUN AND MOON.

Days	Dec.	High Tide	Ht of Tide	High Tide Small.	Low Tide Large.	Low Tide Smail.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises and sets
×	12	6.57	1.6	p.in. 8.30	p.m. 2.07	8.m.	6.28	5, 20	Sets 10.4
W	18 14	7.84 8.28	1.8	9.23	8.CD 8 42	1 08 2.22	6.29	5.20	11 .5t
T	15	9 17	1.1	11.86		8.57	6.80	5.21	0.2
	18	177		n.m. 10.16		5.25	6.81	5.21	1.1
8	17	0 24	1.3	11.17	5 43	8.89	6.31	5.22	2.0
8 M	18	1.65	1.5	12.13 1.17	6 25	7 4	6.82	5.52	2 4

First quarter of the moon, Dec. 14th. Times of the tide are taken from the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey tables.

The tides at Kahulul and Hilo occur about one hour earlier than at Hono-

holding its annual session at the Hono- 30 minutes slower than Greenwich time, being that of the meridian of 157 Dr. Herbert's family is going to Ka- degrees thirty minutes. The time whisual for the holidays, but the doctor tie blows at 1:30 p. m., which is the same as Greenwich, 0 hours 0 minutes. Sun and moon are for local time for

> METEOROLOGICAL RECORD. Issued by the U. S. Weather Bureau Office Every Sunday Morning.

Dey	December	HEAN BAHON.	THERM.		10 1		100	WIND	
			Max	Min	Sainfall to 8 p m.	Humidity	Average	Direction	Av. Vel.
BMTWTFB	4 5 6 7 8 10	29.92 29.18 30.01 30.00 20.00 71.06 30.14	76 80 79 78 76 76 79	68 70 61 67 67 66 72	00 .01 .01 .08 .00 .10 T	80 77 81 81 74 74	6 5 6 5 1 0 4	W NW VAR NR NR NR	9 13 4 4 5 5 7

Note:-Barometer readings are corrected for temperature, instrumental errors, and local gravity, and reduced to sea level. Average cloudiness stated in scale from 0 to 10. Direction of wind

Section Director, in Charge.

# LAST JURY

## Pleas Not Guilty In Several Cases.

At 3:15 yesterday afternoon the following named were impanelled as a jury to try Emmett May for embezzlement: R. W. Atkinson, Geo. Dillingham, A. Nelson, W. C. Wilder, Harry Carl. J. Andrade, J. A. Lawelawe, C. F. Merrifield, H. P. Dwyer, H. A. Parmelee, H. P. Kauohi and J. J. Dias.

Judge Robinson excused all other rest of the term and continued the trial until 9:30 this morning.

W. S. Fleming assists Attorney-General L. Andrews for the prosecution, and J. J. Dunne appears for the defendant.

This will end criminal trials-indeed, all jury trials-for the present term.

ARRAIGNMENTS.

Judge Robinson opened court yesterto indictments which had been reserved.

M. G. Silva, M. S. Freitas and Kaalahua, separately indicted for selling liquor without a license, each pleaded not guilty.

C. F. Chillingworth, former deputy High Sheriff, and Aboo, a Chinese livery stable owner, indicted for extortion had already taken 600 pounds of casin the second degree, each pleaded not guilty.

When the aged native Hawaiian, Kahilisilau, was presented for murder Deputy Attorney General Peters stated that the defendant was without counsel or means to engage legal advice.

Judge Robinson called for a volunteer attorney to defend the accused, but there was no response. A. G. M. Robertson suggested that one of several former judges might properly be assigned as counsel for the defense. Later he named Judges Perry, Galbraith, Cooper, Edings and Judd. In the meantime Kahiliailau sajd he did not desire counsel, but when informed that it was his right to be professionally defended without cost to himself he cheerfully submitted to the rule.

Judge Robinson suggested the name of Arthur M. Brown, former High Sheriff, who, coming in afterward, accepted the assignment. He had the plea of the defendant reserved until

BRENIG WILL CONTESTED.

Probate of the will of the late Mrs. Kenahu Brenig, ordered yesterday by Judge De Bolt, is to be contested. Ce-cil Brown, petitioner, appeared in person and C. F. Peterson for contestants. After the reading of papers and the calling of one witness for the proponent Mr. Peterson read the contest of Becky Kalua et al., as follows:

"Now comes Becky Kalua, William Hepela and Kahuaia, heirs and next of kin of Kenahu Brenig, deceased, by C. F. Peterson, their attorney, and enter their appearance herein and contest Kenahu Brenig, filed for probate herein, on the ground that said document that said deceased was not competent to make and execute a will."

Upon Mr. Brown's asking the grounds of the contest Mr. Peterson stated that he had no grounds to offer at that stage of the contest, but if it appeared that he should appeal he would do so, when he would file an affidavit stating the grounds for the jury.

There was argument then, but no ruling, and Mr. Brown offered the will in evidence.

The court admitted the will to probate and appointed Cecil Brown executor thereof under a bond of \$20,000. R. Shingle, Harry Armitage and P. D. Kellett Jr. were appointed appraisers of the estate.

Peterson gave notice of appeal from the order of the court to the jury of the next term of court.

Mr. Brown later filed his bond as executor with Mark P. Robinson as surety.

OTHER PROBATE CASES.

The will of Constant Sterling was admitted to probate by Judge Robinson, who appointed J. H. Craig executor under \$2500 bond. W. W. Harris, E. O. Hilo Agricultural Society. It contain-White and M. T. Simonton were ap-

Judge Robinson approved the ac-counts and ordered the discharge of the to speak concerning his knowledge of executors of the estate of the late Dr. banana cultivation and said he both Alex Montague Atherton. D. H. Case for petitioners.

William W. Harris was appointed by Judge Robinson administrator of the estate of Fritz J. Withelm under bond has a hundred Cuban plants which do F. D. Wicke, H. Armitage and M. T. Simonton were appointed appraisers.

THE ORPHEUM FORECLOSURE. In the suit of George Tourny vs. the Orpheum Company, Ltd., the defendant has entered a demurrer to the jurisdiction, submitting that there is no jurisdiction existing in a Circuit Judge at Chambers to hear all or any of the matters alleged in the complaint. It

Loan Society. The defendant submits

whether it ought to be oblig d to mak any other answer, to the complaint until the G. S. & L. S. shall be made a party, either plaintiff or defendant, to the ac tion. C. W. Ashford is defendant's at-

COURT NOTES. W. C. Achi, counsel for defendant, noves for a jury trial of the trespas case of Lum Kin vs. Emma Keska

Plaintiff has filed a bill of exceptions in the suit of Middleditch, trustee, ve Kawananakoa, A penal summons has been issued

to the Pacific Club, a corporation, charging it with selling liquor without a license. George Paul Duncker, Germany, was

naturalized by Federal Judge Dole yes-Several customs appeals from de

cisions of the Board of General Appraisers at New York were continued until Feb. 13 in the Federal Court.

### THE FARMERS TALK SHOP

(Continued from page 1.)

the area for development is stinted The prices for corn are higher than for members of the special venire for the ten years and will probably remain so. What had the price of corn to do with the growing of cassava in Hawaii? If the corn price rose starch and glucose could not profitably be made from it. Cassava then would be used. Cassava starch more nearly approached corn starch than any other. Cassava could be grown with little labor. There was plenty of soil, sunshine and air going to waste in Hawali which could be wel utilized for cassava growing.

C. Koelling, the Koolau "castor of man," stated that he was already day morning at 9 o'clock to hear pleas greatly interested in cassava growing. and that he was converting his castor oil plantation into a cassava plantstion. He stated that whenever a Kona storm came his castor beans were near ly ruined and he was compelled to change to something etse not so easily hurt by the elements. Nature seemed against castor bean development at Koolau.

From a very small plece of ground he sava roots. He first cleaned 100 pounds, washed and grated them and extracted 15 per cent of starch. Another lot gave 20 per cent out of a possible 26 pe cent. A sample sent to Williams, Dimond & Co. brought back a very favorable report, comparing it to commercial No. 2 quality. Mr. Koelling has now planted eight acres in cassava roots. The seed was brought from Rice's plantation on Kauai and cost him about \$30 an acre. Planting was done on August 23 last and the plants have grown to an average of about five feet.

· Mr. Smith said the roots were excellent in their natural state for horses and cattle and were also good for milch cows. He thought the prepared product of the cassava would sell for about three cents a pound. He stated that Mr. Rice had 300 acres on Kausi planted in cassava for the feeding and fattening of his horses and cattle. Mr. Smith considered the Hawaiian variety of cassava as good as any he had ever heard of. It did not hurt water which had been used for cleaning it, hogs and cattle apparently enjoying water with the starchy taste to it. Mr. Craw said that the Tahitians were starting a movement to grow cassava on a large scale. Mr. Smith said Cassava would grow well at 1000 feet ele-

ALEXANDER CRAW TALKS. Mr. Craw, being asked to address the meeting, spoke directly concerning the folly of people of Hawaii sending from \$40,000 to \$50,000 to the coast annually for oranges, lemons and limes. These

could just as well be raised in the is the probate of the alleged will of said lands. But trees once started here must be cultivated and not left alone to stead of gratitude manifested a comgrow and bear fruit. That was the sewill of said deceased, and cret of success in growing citrus fruits. Hawaiian oranges and thousands of trees would grow from them. Then cultivate them carefully.

Smith spoke of an orange grove at Lahaina which was flourishing and was profitable to the owner. There clumps of trees also in Kona and Hamakua which were doing well.

JUDGE DOLE ON FRUIT.

Judge Dole spoke also of orange and some extent they were doing fairly well. He thought the King orange of California suitable for the Islands. It was sweet and aromatic, Secretary Higgins spoke encourag

ingly in the same matter. Several orange clumps he had seen in Kona were doing very well.

CULTIVATION OF BANANAS. A paper on the cultivation of ba nanas, by Charles Furneaux of Hilo, was read by the secretary. The paper had originally been read before the ed valuable data on the varieties pointed as appraisers of the estate. which do well in and about Hilo and A. F. Judd appeared for the petitioner. gave minute directions as to their cultivation. Mr. Paty, of Hilo, was asked raised and shipped the fruit. Some of limb, liberty, freedom from oppression the shipments to California had been the earnings of his hands, and the financial losses to him. He hoped to production of his mind, not however to get forty cents a bunch in future. He well. In fact, he spoke strongly in favor of the Lady Finger, Cuban and Chinese varieties. For shipping banana tions, it is by no means proper to enact leaves alone were not sufficient as wrappers and grasses should also be

AS TO COFFEE.

Mr. Terry, of Olan, spoke of the coffee industry. He conceded with others that coffee raising in an about Olaa no means be any laws enacted, which had been somewhat of a failure. He are at variance with what is above exalso filed a plea not waiving its de- had been on Louisson's coffee planta- pressed, neither shall any tax be as-murrer, alleging that the plaintiff was tion in Hamakun, where 3,000 bags of sessed, nor any service or labor requirnot when the complaint was filed and, coffee were the year's product, the ed of any man, in a manner which is is not now the real owner of the prom-issory note and mortgage set out in edge. He was astounded to find in "The above sentiments are hereby pubthe bill, but was the assignee and Walmea almost as fine looking coffee lished for the purpose of protecting

(Continued on Page 8.)

# GOVERNMENT OF HA

Rev. Hiram Bingham came to Honolulu in 1820. At that time the government was that of an absolute monarchy. All power was in the hands of the king but he consulted his chiefs frequently. There was an informal organization, if it might be described with such inaccurate phrase, called the Aha-Alii. It was a gathering of the high chiefs and later became the foundation of the highest branch of the Legislature know as "The House of Nobles." These chiefs expressed their opinion to the king, sometimes persuading him to remarkable changesas in the abolition of the onerous system of the tabu-which came from the action of the high chiefs, if not from a formal decision reached in a deliberative assembly.

It is remarkable that within about twenty years after the commencement of Mr. Bingham's labors, there was as complete and as absolute a change in the form of government as followed the of the Revolution in America which resulted in a "United States" with an inspired Declaration of Independence and Constitution.

In the Hawalian Islands this change was brought about by instruction in the Science of Government, based chiefly upon the missonary influence of the twenty years preceding. As the principles of Christianity absorbed by the Hawaiian king and chiefs they desired to understand the laws of the nations which had been developed under those principles.

William Richards, a teacher in the school of Lahainaluna, had developed marked ability in imparting knowledge of law to his pupils. After the king had applied to the United States Government for an instructor in the Science of Government and had been "put off" for a long time, Mr. Richards was set apart by the Mission of Hawaii, as the instructor of the king and chiefs. He severed his connection with the mission and entered upon his task with great enthusiasm and wisdom. In less than two years the result was seen in the following remarkable "Declaration" of Rights" and "Constitution"-which once issued could never be revoked.

It should be said that it is exceedingly difficult for the stranger or the native residing today in these islands, to even begin to understand the vast amount of material benefit and power about at this time practically by the missionaries in behalf of the common people.

of Kamehameha III concerning his pew in Kawaiahao church when that fine historic building was completed a little over sixty years ago. The king's pew A gallery was overhead. No man could of his accusers and they have mon man could fall upon his sacred Some of the chiefs declared at once that the gallery must be tabu. But the king said in substance that he did; not care who was above him, provided, he had plenty of fresh air from the windows around him, and the gallery did not fall upon him. Twenty-five years before such judgment would have been impossible. The rights of the common people had been recognized.

The Declaration of Rights and Constitution were given freely by the king and his chiefs who later felt very much aggrieved because the people certainly did not appreciate the sacrifice, and inplaining spirit against the burdens of EXPOSITION OF THE PRINCIPLES government they were still compelled would be an interesting psychological study to analyze this feeling of the people to ascertain how much was due to an instinctive or inborn demand for the natural rights of man, and how much was due to inborn and cultivated laziness. Nevertheless the fact remains that King Kamehameha III did not like the way the natives responded to the use of the privileges granted by this Declaration and Conother fruit trees. He had a small place December, 1904, will call more particular trees. growing, and although neglected to ular attention to the lesson which the king tried to teach the people at that time. Through the kindness of Mrs Mary Hitchcock of Hilo we are permitted to give the "Declaration of Rights" and the First Constitution in full from a rare volume in which they were first published in 1842.

"DECLARATION OF THE RIGHTS OF THE CHIEFS AND PEOPLE OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS."

"God hath made of one blood all nations of men to dwell on the face of the earth in unity and blessedness. God hath also bestowed certain rights alike on all men and on all chiefs and on all people of all lands.

"These are some of the rights which he has given alike to every man and every chief of correct deportment: life, those who act in violation of the laws, "God hath also established govern-

ments and rule, for the purpose of peace; but in making laws for the nalaws for the protection of the rulers only, without also providing protection for their subjects: neither is it proper to enact laws to enrich the chiefs only, without regard to enriching their subjects also, and hereafter there shall by "The above sentiments are hereby pub-

trustee of the German Savings and trees as on the Louisson place. At the alike both the people and the chiefs of all these islands, while they maintain treaties with the rulers of all other

a correct deportment, that no chief may be able to oppress any subject, but that chiefs and people may enjoy the same protection under one and the same law, Protection is hereby secured to the persons of all the people together with shall be "The Premier of the Kingdom" their lands, their building lots and all their property while they conform to the laws of the kingdom. And nothing Kashumanu II. For even in the time whatever shall be taken from any in- of Kamehameha I. life and death, dividual except by express provision of the laws. Whatever chief shall act perseveringly in violation of this constitution shall no longer remain a chief of the Hawaiian Islands, and the same shall be true of the governors, officers, and all land agents.

"But if any one who is deposed should change his course, and regulate his conduct by law, it shall then be in the power of the chiefs to reinstate him in the place he occupied previous to his being deposed."

This Declaration received the signature of Kamehameha III June 7, 1839. The Constitution which follows was proclaimed in October, 1840, and both were published together as one docu-

CONSTITUTION OF THE HAWAI-IAN ISLANDS.

"It is our design to regulate our kingdom according to the above principles and thus seek the greatest prosperity both of all the chiefs and all the people of these Hawalian Islands, But we are aware that we cannot ourselves alone accomplish such an object God must be our aid for it is His province alone to give perfect protection and prosperity. Wherefore we first present our supplication to Him, that He will guide us to right measures and sustain us in our work."

It is therefore our fixed decree, 1. That no law shall be enacted which is at variance with the word of the Lord Jehovah, or at variance with the general spirit of His word. A11 laws of the islands shall be in consistency with the general spirit of God's law.

2. All men of every religion shall be protected in worshipping Jehovah and serving Him, according to their own understanding, but no man shall ever be punished for neglect of God unless he injures his neighbor or bring evil on the kingdom

3. The law shall give redress to every man who is injured by another in the accession to citizenship brought without a fault of his own, and shall protect all men while they conduct properly, and shall punish all men who commit crime against the kingdom or This was well illustrated by the words against individuals, and no unequal law shall be passed for the benefit of one to the injury of another,

4. No man shall be punished unless his crime be first made manifest neithwas located on the left hand of the er shall he be punished unless he be minister as he faced the congregation, first brought to trial in the presence sit above the king, no shadow of a com- face to face and the trial having been conducted according to law and the crime made manifest in this presence then punishment may be inflicted.

5. No man or chief shall be permitted to sit as judge or act on a jury to try his particular friend (or enemy) or one who is especially connected with Wherefore if any man be condemned or acquitted, and it shall afterwards be made to appear that some one who tried him acted with partiality for the purpose of favoring his friend (or injuring his enemy) or for the purpose of enriching himself then there shall be a new trial allowed before those who are impartial

ON WHICH THE PRESENT DY-

NASTY IS FOUNDED mehameha I was the founder of the any other person be kingdom and to him belonged all the into the council, it convey away the smallest portion of kingdom. Their meeting shall com- taken by anybody until complaint is land without the consent of the one mence in April, at such day and place made on behalf of Russin. Sheriff who had or has the direction of the as the king shall appoint, kingdom.

These are the persons who have had the direction of it from that time down: Kamehameha II, Kaahumanu I and at dom, in order to promote unanimity the present time Kamehameha.

These persons have had the direction of the kingdom down to the present time, and all documents written by them, and no others are the documents of the kingdom.

The kingdom is permanently confirmed to Kamehameha III and his heirs, and his heir shall be the person whom he and the chiefs shall appoint during his life time, but should there be no appointment the decision shall rest with the chiefs and House of Representatives.

PREROGATIVES OF THE KING. The prerogatives of the king are as

follows: He is the sovereign of all the people and all the chiefs. The kingdom is his. He shall have the direction of the army and all the implements of war of the kingdom. He also shall have the direction of the government property, the poll tax, the land tax, the three days monthly labor, though in conformity to the laws. He shall also retain his own RESPECTING THE MEETING OF private lands, and lands forfeited for the non-payment of taxes shall revert

He shall be the judge of the Supreme Court and it shall be his duty to execute the laws of the land. Also all decrees and treaties with

other countries all however in accordance with the laws.

It shall be his prerogative to form

by other countries, and he shall have power to confirm agreements with

He shall have power to make war in time of amergency, when the chiefs cannot be assembled, and he shall be the Commander in Chief. He shall have power to transact all important business of the kingdom, which is not by law assigned to others.

RESPECTING THE PREMIER OF THE KINGDOM.

It shall be the duty of the king to appoint some chief of rank and ability be his particular minister whose citie His office and buyiness shall be the same as that of Kaahumanu L and condemnation and acquittal were in the hands of Kaahumanu When Kamehameha I. died, his will was "Th Kingdom is Liholibo's and Kaahumanu is his Minister." That important feature of government originated by Kamehameha L shall be perpetuated in these Hawalian Islands, but shall always be in subserviency to the law.

The following are the duties of the Premier: All business connected with the interests of the kingdom, which the King wishes to transact, shall be done by the Premier under the authority of the King. All documents and business of the kingdom executed as executed by the King's authority. All Government property shall be reported to him (or her) and he (or she) shall make it over to the King.

The Premier shall be the King's special counselor in the great business of

the kingdom. The King shall not act without knowledge of the Premier nor shall the Premier act without the knowledge of the King, and the veto of the King on the acts of the Premier shall arrest the kingdom which the King chooses to transact in person he may do it, but not without the approbation of the Premier. GOVERNORS.

There shall be four governors over these Hawaiian islands-one for Hawall, one for Maul and the islands adjacent, one for Oahu and one for Kauai and the adjacent islands. All the governors from Hawali to Kauai shall be

The prerogatives of the governors and their duties shall be as follows: Each governor shall have the general direction of the several tax gatherers of his island and shall support them in the execution of all their orders which he considers have been properly given, but more especially in the United States. shall pursue a course according to law and not according to his own private views. He also shall preside over all in this country may be orderly and quiet the judges of his island and shall see

shall also appoint the judges and give them their certificates of office. Kauai shall be subject not only to the

King but also to the Premier. The governor shall be the superior over his particular Island or islands. He shall have charge of the munitions of war. Under the direction of the King, however, and the Premier. shall have charge of the forts, the soldiery, the arms and all the implements of war. He shall receive the Government dues and shall deliver over the same to the Premier.

All important decisions rest with him in times of emergency unless the King or Premier be present. He shall have charge of all the King's business on the island, the taxation, new improvements to be extended and plans for the increase of wealth, and all officers shall be subject to him. He shall also have power to decide all questions and transact all island business which is not by

HOUSE OF NOBLES

councils-Kamehameha III., Kekauluohi Hoapiliwahine, Kuakini, Kekauonohi, Kahekili, Paki, Konia, Keohokalole, Lelelohoku, Kekuanaoa, Kelli-The origin of the present government ahonui, Kanaina, Keoni Ii, Keoni Ana. will be taken, at least until there has and system of polity is as follows: Ka- and Haalillo-sixteen chiefs. Should be recei t shall received land from one end of the islands to the made known by law. These persons vestigation should disclose a breach of other though it was not his own private shall have part in the councils of the neutrality, which is by no means cerproperty. It belonged to the chiefs and kingdom. No law of the nation shall tain from the reading of the law, it is people in common of whom Kameha- be passed without their consent. They meha I was the head and had the man-agement of the landed property. Where-shall assemble annually for the purfore there was not formerly, and is pose of seeking the welfare of the nanot now any person who could or can tion, and establishing laws for the it may be that no action should be

> It shall also be proper for the king to consult the above persons respecting all the great concerns of the king and secure the greatest good. They shall moreover transact such other business as the king shall commit to

> They shall retain their own appropriate lands, whether districts, or plantations, or whatever divisions they may be, and they may conduct the business on said lands at their discretion, but not at variance with the laws of the kingdom.

> RESPECTING THE REPRESENTA-TIVE BODY.

> There shall be annually chosen certain persons to sit in council with the nobles and establish laws for the nation. They shall be cho≠en according to their wish, from Hawaii, Maul, Oahu and Kaual. The law shall decide the form of choosing them and also the number to be chosen. representative body shall have a voice in the business of the kingdom. No law shall be passed without the approbation of the majority of them.

> There shall be an annual meeting as stated above, but if the rulers think it desirable to meet again they may do it at their discretion. When they assemble the nobles shall meet by themselves and the representative body by itself, though at such time as they shall think it necessary to consult together they may unite at their discretion.

THE LEGISLATIVE BODY.

(Continued on page 8.)

# JAPANESE

### Consul Saito Does Not Want Neutrality of Islands Violated.

Apropos of the reports that have recently come down from Kausi of the drilling of Japanese reserve troops with arms at Libue, the Japanese Consul, Miki Saito has addressed the following letter to his compatriots in the islands: To the Japanese Residents in Hawaii;

Information has reached me lately that certain Japanese laborers in Lihue, Kauai, have gathered together for the purpose of military drill, and the Honolulu papers have commented upon the supposed facts, saying that, if true, it might raise the question as to the the Premier shall be considered preservation of neutrality in the Islands.

Although I am inclined to believe that the reported gathering of the Japanese in Libue is nothing more than for the simple purpose of common boyish pleasure after their day's work, and I do not believe that there still remain, any number of reservists of the Japan-ese army about to be ordered to their colors, yet I think the following notice the acts of the Premier shall arrest the may serve to call your attention to the business. All important business of the fact that our subjects in the Islands should always remain quiet, and at any rate we ought not to create any apparent disturbance that could be commented upon during our sojourn in a neutral state.

As you all know, the mother country, Japan, is now engaged in a life-anddeath struggle with one of the greatest European Powers, and as we all believe in a most just and righteous cause. It the desire of the Home Government that all Japanese, especially those Jap-anese living in a foreign, neutral and friendly state, so to act that neither by word nor by deed as to excite any comment injurious to the sympathy we have in many neutral countries, and

I hereby request, with all the earnestness in my power, that the Japanese in all things. It is especially desirable their sentences executed as above. He at this time that laborers on the plantations should be reasonable, diligent and obedient to the proper authorities, All the governors from Hawaii to and in no case to strike or be d'sorderly in any sense

I would especially all to mind that the generous people of Hawaii have largely contributed to the funds of the Red Cross Society of Japan, which does so noble and charitable work to the suffering soldiers of Japan and to others in need.

Again I must impress upon you and upon your patrictism and love for your native country so to act that you be an honor and not a disgrace to Japan. Issued this twelfth day of December,

nineteen hundred and four, by MIKI SAITO, H. I. Japanese Majesty's Consul Gen-

Following the Advertiser's publication of the story from Kaual, Assistant Attorney-General Fleming yesterday gave Governor Carter the gist of the neutrality laws of the United States At the present period these are the as bearing upon the matter. The laws, persons who shall sit in the government in effect, are, of course, precisely as they were quoted in the article in the

Advertiser, It is not probable that any action been a thorough investigation by the be Territorial authorities. And even if indoubtful whether it would be up to the Territorial authorities to act. It may be a matter for the Federal people and made on behalf of Russin. Sheriff Coney of Kauai, however, will get all the facts.

## GOING TO BIG ISLAND ON TOUR OF INSPECTION

One of the passengers who will leave on the Kinau today will be Assistant Superintendent of Public Works How-

"Mr. Howland will be a passenger for Hilo," said Superintendent of Public Works Holloway yesterday. "He goes for the regular official tour of the island of Hawaii, to examine the roads and bridges, look at the works of public character in progress and get a general idea of the needs and conditions there. He will stay over one boat, returning here on the 24th. We generally aim to get over the islands on these tours of inspection every three or four weeks. That keeps the office in touch with the work done-and

SPRAINED ANKLE, STIFF NECK, LAME SHOULDER.

These are three common allments for which Chamberlain's Pain Balm is especially valuable. If promptly applied it will save you time, money and suffering when troubled with any one of these allments. For sale by all Dealers and Druggists. Benson Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

# **WORKS HARM**

#### Some Knocking Newspaper Faker Fools the New York Herald.

ticular harm done,

long, of course, as everybody recognizes had been delivered. that it is a lie.

it comes time to call a halt. It is such publications as the following in the New York Herald, allowed to go without contradiction, that hurt not only those people at whom they are clearly simed but likewise those people whom the wretch who writes this kind of drivel pretends to be desirous of helping. How much is the respect in which the native Hawaiian is held on the mainland elevated by means of such publication as this? Here, that the measure of the offending may be judged, is the malicious effusion of the Honolulu correspondent of the Herald:

HONOLULU, T. H., Nov. 15,-The week was attended by precisely the this kind of thing before. same result that marked the election on the mainland. A complete landside swept the republican party into control, COMPROMISING WITH master of these islands for the next

The victory was the most complete, as it was the most surprising, that has ever been known since the islands became American territory. In its general aspects the local campaign was from the causes that led to the national republican victory,

Three tickets-the republican, demo-The republicans were in complete con- day, or by Monday at the latest, trol of the government machinery, and had, in consequence, a strong organ-ization. The democratic party, for the camp on the beach in front of the planization. The democratic party, for the first time in four years had a ticket in the field, and the fight was clearly between those parties. In the opinion of many well informed politicians, and, in fact, the community generally, the home rule party had been induced by republicans to enter as a stalking horse in the hopes that it would keep home rule party had been induced by republicans to enter as a stalking horse in the hopes that it would keep home rule party had been induced by republicans to enter as a stalking horse in the hopes that it would keep home rule party had been induced by republicans to enter as a stalking horse in the hopes that it would keep home rule party had been induced by republicans to enter as a stalking horse in the hopes that it would keep home rule party had been induced by republicans to enter as a stalking horse in the hopes that it would keep home rule party had been induced by republicans to enter as a stalking horse in the hopes that it would keep home rule party had been induced by republicans to enter as a stalking horse in the hopes that it would keep home rule party had been induced by republicans to enter as a stalking horse in the hopes that it would keep home rule party had been induced by republicans to enter as a stalking horse in the hopes that it would keep home rule party had been induced by republicans to enter as a stalking horse in the hopes that it would keep home rule party had been induced by republicans to enter as a stalking horse in the pumping station. These are not inclined to be at tailon. They votes from the democratic party,

The issues of the campaign were upon the methods pursued by George R. ties Carter as Governor. The issue was appreciated by the natives and did not concede probable democratic fairly as is consistent with the procession went through the Richardson seated on a cake of ice:

The work of winning the election be
holders in the corporation. The work of winning the election be-gan the night before November S, al-1. L. McCandless states gan the night before November S, ai- L. L. McCandless states that stock-though the democrats did not learn of holders of Waialua Plantation since the danger until the following day

out that it would be useless for any 60 per cent. They have never received native to scratch the republican tick- a cent of dividends, but in spite of this et, as the republican managers had the Japanese laborers there are dearranged a scheme whereby they would manding higher wages because the know exactly how every man had price of sugar has gone up. what the natives did not care to have plantation is making too much money divulged, and the fear that it would and should pass it out among the labe caused the utmost consternation as borers. Mr. McCandless believes the mong them. The precise manner in only reasonable thing that should be which this information was to be gain. done is to turn the whole plantation ed and the supposed secrecy of the over to the Japanese. The stockhold-Australian ballot system in vogue in ers are not to be considered. this Territory to be violated were not explained, but the method became apparent the minute the polls opened on the following day.

For months, largely in anticipation of the approaching election, the repub- fiscal business transacted through the lican managers and administration had postal and money order branches of been employing voters on various pubthe department during the last year Oriental Guide; H. E. Webster, Treastional Randons, Past Theorem 19 and Priest; Past Theorem 20 and P lie works. Times have been very hard were; Revenues of the postal service, with the natives, and the prospect of \$143.582.624; expenditures, \$152.362,116. gaining republican disfavor by voting Total amount of money orders issued: another ticket, and in consequence Domestic, \$383,452,373; foreign, \$37,676,losing employment, caused hundreds of 265. Total amount of money orders natives to think twice and finally sub- paid: Domestic, \$385,100,020; foreign, mit to the threatened coercion. They \$6,714,846. realized that discovery meant dismis-

which the ballots were originally at-tached were numbered consecutively, eign mails, \$2.574,540, and in addition to this number, on the upper right hand corner of every balwas a corresponding number, Naturally, as the ballots were handed out records in rotation were kept,

exactly how every man voted was

saw the work that was being done they resided that defeat stars them to the face, but in hopes a saving the day protests against the bollots being deposited in the boxes with the numbers on them were made. But the protests were ignored. The "mistake," as it has been called.

was not persisted in by the inspectors at polling places where the white vote predominated, and there was little danger of votes being cast against the administration. At some of the voting places a few bailots with the numbers were deposited in the boxes, but protests by the democrats generally re suited in the numbers being removed. For some little time past the New But not so in the outer districts, where York Herald has been gulled systemat- the native vote was the heaviest and ically by some weird fakir in Honolulu, the republican ticket was beyond any who has been piling up a pretty big question the weakest. Protests in space bill by making a monkey of the those precincts were of no avail, and great American newspaper. So long the ballots were deposited in the however as this was confined to silly boxes, numbers attached. In the rot like the red shrimp rain story from strongest democratic precinct no less Hilo or the tale of the shark that tows than 210 of these ballots were put into ed the steamer, or even that romance the box before orders to stop the work of the flying fishes that soared up from were received, and in another precinct deep and milked the cows eighty-two were deposited, while in the along the Kona coast there was no par-ticular harm done, precinct where the strongest native on the ticket resided no less than sixty-Of course, nobody cared how much of two ballots with the numbers attach-

who have even gained a kind of fame regular one so that the impression of torturers and inquisitors were supreme hat way, their lies acquiring a savor the marks he had put upon the offiof respectability from their improba-bility. A pretty lie may be a work of and prove to the republican "heeler" art and admirable because of that. So outside of the booth that "the goods"

Nobody has as yet been found to pub-When this newspaper faker becomes licly admit responsibility for the way

> This publication, in an obscure mainland newspaper might work great harm to the Territory and its people, to say nothing of Governor Carter. Printed in a paper so widely read and copied as the New York Herald its power for evil is simply incalculable. And it is so utterly and palpably faise in all its statements. Everybody, even the fatuous idiot who wrote it for the few dollars he was paid by the Herald, knows that. The idiot who wrote it must have known it was false when he was writing it.

It is clearly another case of an ene my to the community cherished in its election in the Hawaiian Islands last midst. Honolulu has suffered from

# THE WAIALUA STRIKERS

The strike of Japanese at Waialua analogous to the larger battle on the plantation has not yet been settled, but mainland, but there were details of the manager of the plantation is in the local fight that differed materially conference with a committee of thircratic and home rule-were in the field. ment would be reached some time to-

containing thirty-two specifications. Of these twenty-four have already

white people as well. The chances of democratic success grew stronger as the election approached. The few who is inclined to treat the Japanese as did not concede probable democratic fairly as is convistent with the preserv-

1899 have put in \$4,500,000 and their in-On Monday night word was passed vestment to-day is worth only about Such knowledge was precisely claim they are not paid enough and the

#### Postal Accounts.

The annual report of the auditor for the postal department shows that the

The deficit in the postal revenues, therefore was \$8,579,492. Among the When the ballots were opened for the voting on Tue day morning the explanation for the confidence on the \$1,070,674; inland mail transportation, part of some leaders of the republican railroad, \$38,595,427; railway postoffice party became apparent. The stubs to car service, \$5,261,948; railway mail ser-

#### Grimwood to Coast.

F. W. Grimwood, for many years the goats. to the various persons in the booths, local representative of the branch of- dressed, each man having The fice of the Risdon Iron Works of San fancy suddenly to his old clothes. They voters noticed the unusual numbers on Francisco, departed yesterday on the were a motley crew. Dragging the the ballots, and when it was seen in Mongolia for San Francisco where he cable were High Sheriff William Honmany precincts that these numbers will remain permanently. The branch ry, handcuffed: Frank B. McStocker, were not being torn off, but the bal- office in Honolulu has been closed and Edgar Marion Brown, C. S. Holloway, lots, numbers and all, were being de- hereafter there will be only an agency Superintendent of Public Works; Sen- Roquefort Cheese posited in the boxes, the scheme be- here. Mr. Grimwood will handle the ator Palmer Woods, Frank Woods, Dr.

## STREETS SEE DESERT TRIBE ON PILGRIMAGE

### Novices Dragged Over the Hot Sands and Afterward Fed at the Oasis By Their Captors.

(From Sunday's Advertiser)

Fez wearers owned the town yesterday afternoon and night and for the time being the scimetar and crescent trious Potentate and his brilliant retinue and guards.

Sandwiched in between what the a pale gray ass the news editor of the New York Herald was—and certainly here was no objection to a needy news to vote the republican ticket was to give each man a sample ballot and have him put this ballot under the who have even gained a kind of fame.

The public saw was the initiation of the notices who were told to "Hold on to notices who were told to "Hold on to the donkey, and Arthur Mackintosh the Rope." which they did until in sheer exhaustion they were compelled to drop it. All that took place to drop it. All that took place in the temple of mysteries, where the way.

THE TORTURE CHAMBER.

When the initiation of the donkey, and Arthur Mackintosh the superior in office. It was given the goat to lead. He carried the smirmal most of the way.

THE TORTURE CHAMBER.

When the initiation of the donkey, and Arthur Mackintosh the superior in office. It was stated at the time, most distinctly, that there were no charges of wrong-doing against Brown. Hatter's inmay never be told. What can be said. however, is that the novices had the over time of their lives.

THE AFTERNOON PARADE.

A big policeman stood on guard at the foot of the stairway leading to the

and peeked around the door, and gave noise for four hours. half an eye could see it was artificial day. fun and that all were trembling in their shoes. And by the way, "Postoffice" Brown had two pair of socks

of handcuffs which a Shriner was ex-hibiting they were clapped suddenly a-ed candelabra completed the color

of green. It was a mule-"and her

walks lined with hundreds of curious pact of a brickbat labelled "Olaa; spectators. The march was from the Supt. Holloway barefooted stepping Progre's Block down Fort to King, over broken bottles, cactus plants and along King to the Capitol Building nails in Honolulu's streets; High where photographs of the paraders Sheriff Henry waking up in bed to the Masonic Temple on Alakea finding all cafes, etc., closed on Sun-street, up Alakea to Beretania and day; Thompson hitting the toboggan, thence to the Progress Block, where and a handsome picture of Dr. Grosssoon the shricks of the tortured were man with diamond rings on his toes, heard on the streets.

Following the patrolmen came the Captain Berger; Illustrious Potentate, ductions of the speakers were marvels Dr. M. E. Grossman, in the beautiful of rhetoric. He also presented on berobes of his office, a shimmering mass of silks and various hues, liberally besprinkled with jewels; all the officers of the divan, following, were in their unique robes of office and made a gaudy spectacle. Behind Dr. Grossman came C. L. Crabbe, Chief Rabban; C. B. Cooper, Assistant Rabban; M. urer; H. C. Morton, Recorder; C. S. Hall First Ceremonial Master; E. R. Second Ceremonial Master; B. Griggs Holt, Director; J. W. Berg- blazed all evening in colored ejectric strom, Marchal; E. O. White, Captain globes a scimetar and crescent. Ellis of Guard: C. G. Bockus, H. C. Pfluger, quintet sang throughout the evening. Alchemists; W. E. Taylor, M. D.; C. B. Wood, M. D., Medical Directors; W. G. Ashley, Musical Director; R. W.

Breekons Orator and Inquisitor, The Arab Patrol in desert costume, each man carrying a spear came next under E. O. White, captain of the

Then came the victims holding on to the rope, under the watchful eye of G. D. Tucker, keeper of the camels and They were not handsomely came apparent. The means of keeping Honolulu business in San Francisco. A. G. Hodgins, J. H. Craig, Frank E.

Thompson, on his back a giant firecracker and the following sign: Where do I get off at when this rocket goes off?" E. I. Spalding, J. S. lulu when it became noised about the time being the scimetar and crescent rocket goes on? E. I. Spaiding, J. S. held sway over all other emblems. The McCandless, H. Wingate Lake, Mark spectacle both on the streets and at Robinson, D. L. Austin, J. A. Wilson the barquet was truly Oriental in the and Alexander Garvie. There were splendor of the costumes of the Illustration four more but they were assigned to a compelled to mount the mule-camel and Pinkerton detective imported by Gov-E. I. Spaiding was given the halter to ernor Carter, and that Deputy High public saw was the initiation of the lead the beast; C. G. Bartlett rode Sheriff Chillingworth had followed in

> was a silence deep as the graye fell the assemblage. Lights turned low, incense burned and a dirge was played and the fun began. The toboggan had been well oiled and the novices were given a bump.

malicious, however, and lies to the hurt in which the number on the ballot was ef the community that helps the Herritan candidates.

Brown, but Chillingworth has been indicted three times by the Territorial was left on the floor when grand jury, and there are three indictions against ex-detective McDuffle, were tried on candidates' feet and a dicted three times by the Territorial realm of the Shriner Potentate and his ally-heated irons proved warm enough also of the old regime, as well as some brilliant retinue, and incidentally to even for asbestos-lined socks. The prevent the "Hold on to the Rope" man who plunged into a big tub when requested, and did so because he betold about Hatter. It has been said
ments of torture.

In a large room near the torturethe dragged out half dead. Then there was good fellows of the old police, that he the trolley where many candidates good fellows of the old police, that he trolley where many candidates drank with the drinkers, Sunday or a Shriner initiation. The first of the nineteen novices to show up looked nineteen novices to show up looked results. Since the trolley where many candidates drank with the drinkers, Sunday or holiday, gambled with the nineteen novices to show up looked results a strap suspended from a good fellow of the old police, that he drank with the drinkers, Sunday or holiday, gambled with the nineteen novices to show up looked results a strap suspended from a good fellow of the old police, that he drank with the drinkers, Sunday or holiday, gambled with the nineteen novices to show up looked results a strap suspended from a good fellow of the old police, that he drank results a strap suspended from a good fellow does. surprised when he saw the empty room pulley. After the goat had fallen in have as many disguises as Old Sleuth and for a moment hesitated whether to a heap after having butted nineteen himself, and you had but to mention beat a retreat or not, but gave up the green novices, it was thought that his name in any company, of police-project when his way to freedom was plates at the banquet for the victims men, to bring a deep hush that would barred by Brother Bath in his flow-ing Arabian robes. Then another came The torture chamber was alive with

jinks of their own. Frank Thompson q.t. The clerk was asked if anybody not tell his age from his teeth. They danced a hoe-down, Richardson played else had taken a room, and finally were gold, and might have been any farman with the cable, Dr. Hodgins every man knew his fellow victim was age, snuggled between McStocker and Holloway to escape observation and jokes could retire to peaceful slumber after He sailed away on the Mongolia. It flew thick and fast. Anybody with the banquet and trying events of the is said that he has detected that he is

THE ORIENTAL BANQUET.

ty-four delegates from the striking to stand together through thick and body and it looks as though a settlement would be reached some time to-day, or by Monday at the latest.

Indicate the control of the caravan. The banquet was say that either, but all the same he spread in the Alexander Young Hotel will. When Yill Hatter come back? The day, or by Monday at the latest. legislature as the one lone Democrat.

High Sheriff William Henry was given a surprise. While inspecting a pair of red carnations garnished with maidcaught with red ribbons, and from the be Hatter in a new disguise, whatever at the rear of the band in caparisons on which was a grass hut surmounted by the Shriner flag, with two camels Of these twenty-four have already been adjusted satisfactorily to all parties.

The remaining eight points are still

A Chinese hat covered the beast's head in red ribbons, each Shriner wearing the piece about his neck during the under discussion, and it is expected and it certainly made a remarkable ap- feast. The banquet hall was shut off the walls inside were colored cartoons With two mounted patrolmen at the of various novices, among whom were were taken, thence down Hotel street next morning" with a big head and Noble R. W. Breckens, the toastmaster, occupied a seat of honor Hawajian Government band under the Illustrious Potentate. His introhalf of Alcha Temple, a beautiful jewel to Dr. Grossman. The following

toasts were responded to:
"The Imperial Council," Illustrious Potentate M. E. Grossman; "Visiting Members," Hon. C. A. Galbraith, India Temple, Oklahoma City; "Our Officers Elect," Noble C. B. Cooper, Chief Rabtional Banquet," Past Illustrious B, Wood; "The Novice," (One of them) F. E. Thompson. Over the entrance to the Young This is what they ate:

MENU. Ponein Cocktalls California Cyster Cocktails Consomme a la Royal Salted Almonds guard. The Shriners came next, each
man in full evening dress and a red
fez on his head.

Celery sticks Ripe Olives
Riesling
Fried Fillet of Mullet, Tartar Sauce Pommes Julienne Sweetbreads a la Poulette Cheese Straws

A. Y. H. Claret Fillet of Beef a la Columbus Punch Creme d' Menthe Mumm Champagne Dragging the Squab Chicken Casserole Pommes Duchess Walderf Salad

Tutti Frutti Ice Cream Caf Chartreuse Yellow Banquet Rolls

# HATTER HAS GONE HOME

### He Will Come Back Again After Xmas Holidays.

Hatter has gone, But stay! Hush! Hatter will come back again.

Charles Hatter, Pinkerton detective first dawned upon the town of Honodifferent task. Frank Richardson was tion into police affairs conducted by a doing against Brown. Hatter's investigation had shown that the affairs of the police department were "loosely conducted," and the High Sheriff stepped out.

The sun of Hatter has been sailing pretty high in the blue sky ever since No charges have developed against The planks studded with sharp nails Brown, but Chillingworth has been inments against ex-detective McDuffle, The against the Chinese detective, Ah On But Hatter! There are various tales

Nobody spoke, for fear of Hatterand Hatter spoke less than anybody and peeked around the door, and gave a hysterical greeting to his fellow leen went to the Young Hotel and hired brought together they held a high a room. Each man did this on the were gold, and might have been any

men, to bring a deep hush that would

make itself heard, almost.

Now, he is gone-but he will return. the possessor of certain family affections, and that he goes to spend Christ-At 8:39 last night the Shriners, old and new, were marshalled before the family of Hatters! But Hatter doesn't on with an asbestos lining between, zem-zem board where the daintiest of say what he is going for. Hatter doesn't say anything.

And he will come back. He didn't man who can answer that question will people. He will come back. That is all anybody knows-but Hatter. But any passenger bound this way, with gold teeth, will be subject to grave suspicion from this time forward. It may the improbabilities. Let the quarantine officers look to it.

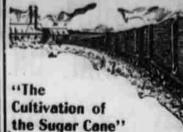
#### CONFIDENCE said Lord Chatham, "is a plant of slow growth." People believe

in things that they see, and in a

broad sense they are right. What

is sometimes called blind faith is

not faith at all. There must be reason and fact to form a foundation for trust. In regard to a medicine or remedy, for example, people ask, "Has it cured others? Have cases like mine been relieved by it? Is it in harmony with the truths of modern science, and has it a record above suspicion? If so, it is worthy of confidence; and if I am ever attacked by any of the maladies for which it is commended I shall resort to it in full belief in its pow-er to help me." On these lines WAMPOLE'S PREPARATION has won its high reputation among medical men, and the people of all civilized countries. They trust it for the same reason that they trust in the familiar laws of nature or in the action of common things. This effective remedy is palatable as honey and contains the nutritive and curative properties of Pure Cod Liver extracted by us from fresh cod livers, combined with the Compound Syrup of Hypophos-phites and the Extracts of Malt and Wild Cherry. It quickly eradicates the poisonous, diseasebreeding acids and other toxic matters from the system; regulates and promotes the normal action of the o gans, gives vigor-ous appetite and digestion, and is infallible in Prostration-following Fevers, etc., Scrofula, Influenza, Asthma, Wasting Diseases, Throat and Lung Troubles, etc. Dr. W. A. Young, of Canada, says: "Your tasteless preparation of cod liver oil has given me uniformly satisfactory results, my patients having been of all ages." It is a product of the skill and science of to-day and is successful after the old style modes of treatment have been appealed to in vain. Sold by all chemists.



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27 Kilby St., Boston, or C. BREWER & CO., LTD.,

#### REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

Entered for Record Dec. 8, 1904. Rebecca Houghtailing to Mrs Emily Bemrose ..... M Kaluna Lansing and hsb to F A Schaefer. . ..... D Wong Chong to Ching See ...... D E Coit Hobron and wf to Ferdi-Claus Spreckels & Co by atty to E Julia H Afong to William F Allen . .....Rev PA Recorded Dec. 2, 1994

Victorine Ventura and wi to J W. Fleming, M. 2 pcs land, Pulchuiki Kula, Maul; lot 5, Kaonoulu lots, Kuto, Mauj. \$400, B 262, p 176. Dated Nov 4, 1904.

K Togo to G Masuda, A L: pe land. Wainalu, Kaanapall, Maul; \$100. 273, p 22. Dated Nov 28, 1904. S M Damon and wf to United States

of America, D; int in pc land, Moana-iua, Honolulu, Oahu; \$1. B 264, p 221. Dated May 12, 1904. T Mito to Mrs H K Meemano, B S

265, p 305. Dated Nov 4, 1904. Pelellili and wf to Hawn Agret'l Co. L; por lot 1 gr 2158, Makaakupa, Kau.

Hawali; 10 yrs at \$3 per acre per yr B 263, p 175. Dated Nov 29, 1904. Walluku Sugar Co to C Brewer & lo. Ltd, D; por kul 1742 ap 2, Koloa, Walluku, Maui; \$2000. B 264, p 222. Dated Dec 2, 1904.

Gear, Lansing & Co, by trs, to W M Minton, Par Rel; lots 1 to 6 (incl) blk 61, and lots 1 to 16 (incl) blk 64, Walalae tract, Honolulu, Oahu; \$1. B 260, p 310. Dated Nov 29, 1904.

Entered for Record Dec. 10, 1904 James A Hopper Co Ltd to H A

Heen. . ...... Rel Wong Leong to Min Yee ..... L Oahu Railway & Land Co to Emma L Dillingham ..... D Est of S C Allen by trs to Oahu

Mary L Porter to Daniel Porter .... D Chas. More and wf to Court of Maunakea No 8854 A O F ..... M Z Kakina and wf by affit of mortgee to Albert S Wilcox ..... F A

Recorded Dec. 5, 1904,

Watanabe to Sasi et al BS; int in leaseholds, livestock, stores, supplies, cets, fixtures, etc. S Kona, Hawaii. \$1200. B 274, p 5. Dated Sept. 5, 1904. Kehoa (k) to Kahanapule (w), D; kul 7849, Keehia, Hamakua, Hawali-\$1. B 261, p 496. Dated Dec 18, 1876. Ed Waiaholo and wf to Pill Kekal, D; R P 1842, kul 5017, Kelawea, Laha-Ina, Maul. \$75. B 261, p 497. Dated

Oct 21, 1904. Maud E Freeman et als to Mary Phillips (widow), D; int in 19380 sq ft land cor Fort and Kukui streets, Honolulu. Oahu, \$3750. B 264, p 228. Dated Nov.

C Brewer & Co Ltd to Mary Dumas Dated Dec 3, 1904,

Mary Dumas (widow) to C Brewer &

309. Dated Feb 28, 1900.

311. Dated June 26, 1903.

Peter Becker and wf to W E Shaw, Add Chge; lot 25 of gr 3586 and bldgs

ed Nov 30, 1904. C Ahi to Theo H Davies & Co, Ltd, D: 4 40-100 acr land, Makapala, Kohala, Hawaii. \$525. B 261, p 498. Dat-

1904. Manuel D Mello to Amelia da Souza, B S; building, Volcano street, Hilo, over Hawaii, \$170. B 265, p 313. Dated Nov

James B Castle and wf to Territory \$2450. B 264. p 234. Dated Oct 31, 1904.

#### SEARCH FOR "LEVANT" ISLAND

The Army and Navy Journal has the ment in our issue of Nov. 12, concern-North Pacific Ocean, Mr. James D. Hague, who accompanied the vessel, writes us saying: "The Tacoma's actual searching time was just four days (see Commander Nicholson's re port, printed in your issue of June 11) instead of four weeks, as erroneously stated in your recently published notice. The results of the Tacoma's search were conclusive only as far as it concerns the ocean area actually seen cisco and New Orleans, which were in from the track line of the ship. The operation throughout the fiscal year, nand West ..... D total area thus examined is not more, perhaps less, than one-third of the in use as money on December 31, 1907 of such an island have come, from which about one-half was visible in Julia H Afong to Albert Afong...P.A leaving an area of 20,000 to 30,000 square States at that time was \$1,300,000,000, of time to time, during many years past; ..... L miles still unexplored. The Tacoma gave up the search, not because it was and national banks. Alice K Keawe...... D came impracticable by reason of in- 271 and on the redemption of Hawaiian 

BY DANIEL LOGAN.

It has been an active week in stocks, Kilici leading with 500 shares at \$13 and closing with that figure bid. Ewa has stiffened up and a bid for a block a \$261/2 was made on the board. One reason given is that with the high price of sugar Ewa's profits will be very large, which, in addition to the prospective mare, buggy and harness; \$140. B) wiping out of the remaining \$100,000 of bonded indebtedness, is likely to have the result of increased dividends. Some anticipate that Ewa will go to \$35, while the more conservative set the limit at \$30 but say it will reach that point within a few days. One large handler of Ewa says, however, that there will be a good many sales at \$28 before it goes higher. There is a strong demand for most stocks. Oahu is still selling at par. Pioneer is strong at \$125, Olaa weak at \$5 McBryde is \$5.50 bid with none offered. Honokaa is at par. Kahuku has fallen back to \$25. Hawaiian Sugar is bracing up, \$32 being bid on change. There are inquiries for large blocks, but not a great deal of the stock offering. Splendid prospects for next year stimulate the demand. Although Waialua has declined, the fact is not regarded as significant. The opinion is heard that if a large block of Waialua were sought it would be impossible to get it at anything like present quotations.

The San Francisco market is active, the latest advices being of a public demand for Hawaiian stocks. There are no late quotations, but requests have been received from San Francisco that certain stocks be not sold here for less than figures given, which are considerably above current rates. A cablegram received irom E. Pollitz & Co. by Henry Waterhouse Trust Co. yesterday stated that raw sugar sold in New York at 4 7-8c. The Planters' Association was advised by Williams, Dimond & Co. that 88 deg. analysis beets were 14s. 452d., which is a decline of 11/2d., no doubt from a speculative flurry. Railway & Land Co...... A M

Robert W. Shingle of Henry Waterhouse Trust Co., Ltd., said vesterday Money seems to be much easier since November 15 than it has been for some time past, resulting in quite an impetus to the bond market. Hawaii Sugar, Pioneer, Haiku, Paia and Oaliu 6's and Hawaiian Government 5's cannot be obtained any more at par. So far as Hawaiian Government is concerned, the \$845,000 outstanding are held by two or three parties and are not for sale, being practically out of the market. Haiku, Paia, Hawaiian Sugar and Pioneer are held for 102. Rapid Transit treasury bonds have all been taken up and are held by San Francisco parties at 105, clearing the market of these bonds. A bid of 105 has been made for them, but they are not obtainable. O. R. & L. Co. bonds have weakened by half a point, several small blocks being offered as low as 104 Waialua bonds are offered at par with 99 bid. Olaa, Hilo Railroad and Mc-Bryde bonds are obtainable below par. With money easier now it would seem that bond prices are stiffening. An increased relaxation of money certain to ensue when the returns from the higher sugar market begin to come, not later than March, gives promise that bonds will strengthen,"

GOSSIP OF THE STREET.

W. A. Bowen of Castle & Cooke, Ltd., agents of Walalua Agricultural Co. puts a distinct quietus upon a rumor (widow), Ex D; por kul 1742 ap 2 and that had gained some credence on the bldg, Koloa, Wailuku, Maul. B 264, p street to the effect that it was the intention of the directors of the Walalua at its annual meeting to propose an in-Ex D; R Ps 727, 6293, 4096, 1-3 crease of the capital stock from \$4,500. int in R P 4807; 9-80 int in R P 6268 000 to \$5,000,000, the additional half mil-and water rights, Halaula etc, Wal-luku, Maul. \$500. B 264, p 231. Dated on the plantation's overdraft. "There Dec 3, 1904.

N E Gedge and wf to James L Mcsaid yesterday. "It is merely the prodis positively nothing in it," Mr. Bowen Lean, P A: general powers, B 265, p uct of idle imagination. I heard the rumor myself, but thought it a joke." Norman E Gedge to James L. Mc-Lean, Par Rev P A; power dated Feb 28, 1990, in liber 265, folio 309. B 265, p depression of O. R. & L. Co. A broker spoken to about it gave the opinion that there was no tangible reason. He regarded the stock at \$65 as a good buy, cor Notley and Middle streets, Hono-lulu, Oahu, por lot 27 of gr 3610, Not- "But to-day," he added, "people instead ley street, Honolulu, Oahu. \$200. B of investing in other stocks are buying 260 p 315. Dated Dec 3, 1904. sugar stocks." O. R. & L. Co. is strong-Bow Wo Hoon to Bow Sheon, B S; er on the stock sheet, however, \$67.50 int in 1 share in Wing On Tai Co, being bid against \$65 last sale, Secre-\$1450. B 265, p 311. Dated Dec 1, 1904. tary Atkinson cables from New York John H Cummings et al by mtgee to that it may be possible to float the new Lyle A Dickey, Fore Affidt; int in 5 Territorial loan at 4 per cent instead pcs land, Kaupo and Lahaina, Maui; of 4½ as originally planned. This would int in 10 pcs land. Kapalama, etc. Ho- be better at par. Governor Carter points nolulu, Oahu; int in Est of W H Cum- out, than selling 41/28 at 5 per cent premings, dec. B 260, p 316. Dated Dec mium. The strength of our Government 5s at home, it is believed by well Kelupokanui (w) et als to Bow Kee, informed financiers, will be helpful to L; pe land and bidg. 20 yrs at \$50 per the secretary's mission. A parte on the yr. B 263, p 177. Dated Dec 9, 1904.

Theo H Davies & Co, Ltd, to C Ahi, sent sugar trust stock down 6%, but Rel; 4 40-100 acr land, Makapala, Kohala Hawaii. \$525. B 237, p 109. Datcents in the hundred yesterday.

REAL ESTATE. R. C. A. Peterson the past week sold Mrs. Sam Parker a half acre tract of L Antonio Barboza and wf to Maria Pearl City peninsula water front propda S Canario, M; pcs land, livestock, erty situated between Macfarlane's and 1 brake, etc. Kaiwiki, S Hilo, Hawaii, Van Valkenberg's properties, at a fair \$830.98. B 267, p 46. Dated Nov 22, price. The same dealer sold a lot on Van Valkenberg's properties, at a fair Vineyard street to Miss Peabody to fill out a large purchase made last year for Mr. Peterson's correspondent in San Francisco has not come to time, even with a month's extension, on the Pacific Heights land propof Hawaii, D; por R P 149 of kuls 998 osition. The opportunity is, however, and 3378 b. Pauca, Honolulu, Oahu, still open. The Rapid Transit Co. has a standing offer in the scheme, condi-H M von Holt to Territory of Ha-wall by Supt Pub Works, A L: por kul to the heights, with right of way for 41, Pauahi street extn. Honolulu Oahu. track extension to Tantalus included. \$1. B 263, p 178. Dated May 27, 1904. Among recorded conveyances are deed of Waialae lots 1 to 9 from W. M. Min- ment of good times close ahead existton and wife to the Franciscan Sisters for \$3750; deed of Kaimuki land from Gear, Lansing & Co., trustees to the U. S. War Deartment, for \$32,600; deed of 92.70 acres at Makawao (Maul) to ian Fruit and Plant Co. for \$5826.52: following: With reference to the state- lease of Kohala land from Queen's Hospital to James Wight at \$2550 a year; ing the "Cruise of the Tacoma" in Francis M. Swangy of Paauli land for search of a doubtful island in the \$5500, and deed of Nuuanu property Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for Hawaii.

from Frances Keating to Agatha Nott for \$1700. The War Department has approved the title to the Hobron beach property at Walkiki and approval of the Schnefer title to adjoining property is expected soon. Confirmation of the Hackfeld-Achi foreclosure sale of South Kona ranch property is pending in court. A surrender of lease by W. C. Peacock to the estate of L. Way has appearance of ending for the present the project of extending Bishop street from King to Merchant street. Real estate business in city property is dormant.

#### GENERAL ITEMS.

Holiday trade is at last showing something of liveliness. The arrival of five large ocean liners, two army transports and one gunboat the past week contributed greatly to both life and trade in the city. Appropriations for Hawaii requested by Governor Carter and recommended in President Roose velt's message amount to \$1,585,222.07 consisting of \$250,000 for Honolulu harbor dredging, \$175,222.07 refund of money expended by the Territory or navigation works, \$1,000,000 for Federal building in Honolulu. \$100,000 Federal building in survey \$10,000 for \$50,000 breakwater and sanitary purposes. Joint resolutions of the two commercial bodies have gone forward to back up the recommendations. A formidable strike of Japa-nese laborers for increase of pay and tions. satisfaction of small grievances is in progress on Waialua plantation. Kahuku plantation directors have hinted at the possibility of dividends be-ginning the middle instead of the end notable visitor from Danbury, Conn. states in a letter to the Advertise that fresh Hawaiian pineapples he bought here reached New condition. Governor Carter tells of rubber tree seedlings he saw flourish ing on Maul, which had sprung naturally from the seed of the parent tree planted six years ago, and regards the fact as highly promising of a Hawaiian rubber industry in the future. Rapid Transit Co. is about adding three cars, each with a seating capacity of 56 persons, to its rolling stock The Hawailan Tobacco Co., to deal in not produce, tobacco, has been incor-porated. Shortages of flour and barley in the local market have been reported While general trade has continued slow, there is an in-piring present ing amongst the business community

#### INFLUENZA

Can be cured by commencing at the J. U. Gonsalves et al for \$1340; deed of first symptoms to use Chamberlain's Mary E. Clark and husband to Hawal- Cough Remedy. Thousands have used this remedy during the past year, and we have to learn of a single case where deed from Geo. S. Kenway and wife to they were not pleased. For sale by All Dealers and Druggists.

director of the mint in his annual report shows that the output of the coinage mints at Philadelphia, San Franwas the largest on record. It is estimated that the gold stock of the world banks and public treasuries. The eswhich \$859,000,000 was in the treasury On the recoinage of domestic sub-

WASHINGTON, December 2 .- The

that these pieces of denominations be low the dollar are heavier than the corresponding United States coins. The face value of all Hawaiian coins redeemed to date is \$818,312, and their coining value is \$843,924. The total coinage of Hawaii was \$1,900,000, all issued In 1883.

The seigniorage on silver dollars coined during the year was \$3,032,495; on subsidiary silver coins \$1,950,086 and on minor coins \$1,149,746. The total expenditures of the service for the year were \$1,896,834.

#### A Canine Paper Thief.

C. Maertens of Hoffschlaeger & Co has been missing his Sunday paper for sometime back. Last Sunday morning when he heard it thrown against the side of the house he got up to watch and saw a dog enter the yard, pick up the paper run back across the street with it and hand it to a native boy sidiary coins there was a loss of \$172,- who sat on the curb. Mr. Maertens recovered the Advertiser, the boy excoin a profit of \$6373, due to the fact plaining that the dog stole it.

# Sleep for Skin-Tortured Babies And Rest for Tired Mothers

In a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP and a single anointing with CUTICURA, purest of emollients and greatest of skin cures. This is the purest, sweetest, most speedy, permanent, and economical treatment for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin and scalp humours, with loss of hair of infants and children, and is sure to succeed when all else fails.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour, Consisting of Cerucusa Soar, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, Curicusa Aondontent in instantly allay theiring and irritation and sends and heal and Curicusa Remotreme, to cook and cleanse the blood. A Rivesta fer is often sufficient to cure the severest humours when all else fails. Aust. Deport. R. Towns a to, Sydney, S. S. W. So. African Deport Lasson Mirra, Cape Town. Porran Cours. Sole Prope. Bloods, U.S. A.

## DR. J. CLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.



Each Bottle of this well-known Remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Toothache, Diarrhœa, Spasms, etc., bears on the Government Stamp the name of the Inventor

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE. Numerous Testimonials from Eminent Physicians ac-

company each bottle. Sold in Bottles. 1/11/2. 2/9, 4/6, by all Chemists Sole Manufacturers. J T. Davenport. Limited, London!

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# **ELECTIONS**

### Judge Dole Delivers His Charge to Federal Grand Jury.

remote period of history making in the Hawaiian Islands, veterans of the Hawaiian jury box, several leading campaigners of both the Republican and Democratic parties, representatives of large business interests and of the mechanical trades-more than one of these classifications being in some cases blended in individuals-altogether it was a panel of jurors the like of which has hardly been seen before in Hawaii which assembled as a grand jury in the United States District Court yesterday afternoon to receive the charge of the It was the maximum panel of 23 men which obeyed the summons, but P. C. Jones, the Nestor of them all, was excused at his own request by Judge Dole, on the ground of age and the fact that jury duty he had per-formed of late proved injurious to his

Following is the panel as sworn to investigate the matters and things to be charged by the court for inquisition: be charged by the court for inquisition:
S. M. Damon, foreman; Geo, K. Kaia,
J. W. McDonald, F. L. Waldron, S. G.
Wilder, Chas. Butzke, C. G. Ballentyne,
J. P. Winne. Geo C. Watt, H. Lantaster, S. N. Hundley, E. D. Carley,
Hugh McCorriston, C. M. V. Forster,
J. A. McCandless, W. O. Atwater, J.
A. Gilman, J. P. Cooke, E. R. Bath,
John Effinger, H. A. Wilder, J. J.
Spitzer.

After the charge of the court had

After the charge of the court had heen delivered as below summarized, C. E. Calvert was sworn as balliff to wait upon the grand jury. Judge Dole placed the courtroom at the disposal of the

#### THE JUDGE'S CHARGE.

Judge Dole read his charge to the grand jury, which began with a state-ment of the functions of that body. He stated that matters would probably be presented for consideration by them under the following sections of the Revised Statutes of the United States,

'Sec. 5508. If two or more persons conspire to injure, oppress, threaten, or intimidate any citizen in the free exercise or enjoyment of any right or privilege secured to him by the Constitution or laws of the United States, or because of his having so exercised the same; or two or more persons go in disguise on the highway, or on the premises of another, with intent to prevent or hinder his free exercise or enjoyment of any right or privilege so secured. they shall be nunishable by fine and

imprisonment. "Section 5403. Every person who wilfully destroys or attempts to destroy, or carries away any record, paper or proceeding of a court of justice, or any paper, or document, or record filed or deposited in any public office, shall without reference to the value of the record, paper, document, or proceed-ing so taken be punishable by fine or imprisonment at hard labor, or both."

Section 5408. Every officer having the custody of any record, document, paper or proceeding specified in sec-tion 5403, who fraudulently takes away. or withdraws, or destroys, any such rec-ord. document, paper, or proceeding filed in his office or deposited with him or in his custody, shall be punishable by or imprisonment at hard labor, both; and shall, moreover, forfeit rect. his office and be forever afterward dis-

Among other contained the following: spectively in the prestige and good name of the several political parties; which interest, though laudable, must be sub-ordinated to the paramount interest of all citizens in the integrity of the state and the moral and material prosperity dependent thereon.

I need hardly remind you of the in sidious and weakening influence of such acts as improperly interfere with the freedom of voting upon that great object of government, the supremacy of law, and upon the standing of the political parties in whose behalf they

"You are at liberty to apply to the court at any time for further instruc-tions upon any of the matters already referred to, or upon other subjects that

(Continued from page 5.) McWayne's, in Kona, he found coffee trees had developed had coffee trees bearing from which

she picked berries when a child.

There was a future for coffee in Ha-States from foreign countries which never be either willing or able to undershould be barred when good and far stand such a reasoning.

better coffee could be grown in Hawaii As to the new laws, I propose for better coffee could be grown in Hawali and other outlying parts of the United States. There was a law against the importation of tea believed to be infurious, and so there should be a simflar law covering coffee.

#### INSECT PESTS.

William Records

large importations made by the people of Hawall were insects. brought in here from another country found itself somewhat isola ed started out in search of food and picksomething which ultimately caused a loss to planters and farmers alike. He had found that yards in Honolulu were genuine incubators for injurious insects, and all were ready to attack any plantation. There were many yards, not inhabited by their owners, but given over to Oriental and other lessees. Such places were a delight to the entomologist, for 1; them he could find a large and rare collection of insects, while on the maintand the same insects would generally be found only in the laboratories, dead, frequently, spread out and labeled. It was better late than never and he was when they meet for the purpose of particular labeled in the laboratories dead, frequently, spread out and labeled. It was better late than never and he was when they meet for the purpose of particular labeled in connection with the land agent shall be execute the law upon him. But if the exceute the law upon him. But if the decisions made tax officer judge the land agent to be found guilty, then the tax officer. In connection with the land agent to be found guilty, then the tax officer. In connection with the land agent to be execute the law upon him. But if the decisions made tax officer judge the land agent to be found guilty, then the tax officer. In connection with the land agent to be found guilty, then the tax officer. In connection with the land agent to be found guilty, then the tax officer. In connection with the land agent that it is connection with the land agent to be recruit the law upon him. But if the decisions made tax officer judge the land agent to be found guilty. Then the countering the interests of the kingdom and if they are agreed they shall pass sentence upon him and the Governor shall execute it. But in all trials, if any individual take exception to the injurious insects, and all were ready

part of the farmers, cultivators and resentative body. the entomologists to procure the best

lot of notes on insect work. The paper of those who established it, was intended largely to give practical advice to farmers on the insects which infest their fields and crops. There

RESPECTING THE TAX OFFICERS.

The King and Premier shall appoint know the difference and de troyed the at the discretion of the King and Pregood and the bad. There should be co- mier. rather than positive.

In diversified farming the farmer was done. often but an amateur. There were The following are the established point four persons, whose duty it shall many drawbacks to farming in Hawaii duties of the tax officers: They shall be to aid the King and the Premier, the mainlander's one,

#### WHAT IS THE REMEDY?

First: The issuing of at least one full strict and impartial carrying out of pay it over to the Premier and the cision of these shall be final the laws, as to terms of license as well as illicit trade,

This would force the trade into recognized channels, and enable the police to exercise direct sup rvision. It would be found that the retail dealer, being able to supply the demand for any and all kinds of liquors, would himself deal in forbidden articles, as well as They shall moreover perform their to condone the greater offense of the duties in the following manner: Each his next-door neighbor.

wine and beer license as an absolute failure for the purposes for which it was intended. I stated this to the Senate Committee when it was before the the issuance of the following licenses! Legislature, and have always since for districts of the first class been convinced that I was then cor-

the Government of the United States." local beer license. It is a direct cover class: Dealers \$500, retail \$250, hotel the Government of the United States." Among other observations the charge to break the law and conditions of license

you are probably voters and to the carrying out, at the present time. the dealer. This license should only partment and render the proper superof the suggestions to issue retail li-censes on each plantation as above holder of a saloon license or a dealer cated, mentioned, and that is, in the country in districts of the first class, the sale districts, the sum of \$1,000.00 is too of bottle quantities being called for Government road, so as to be easily achigh, and I believe very few would be by many of the public, who will not go cessible to the public, as well as the taken out, and I recommend that a to a saloon, but cannot now legally police, new law be presented to the next Legis-lature on the lines as to license and cense is the one I propose should be its sh selling restrictions, as are hereafter issued in the plantation or second class

police, and prosecution in case of in- rouse and will at the same time enable

fringement. With the so-called clubs, however, I ever he requires for his own use. Pacific Club, for the reason that the or bottle, but for consumption on the latter is a duly incorporated club and licensed premises only, clubs constituted a company or copart-nership, and thus were liable for not The wholesale license is gri nership, and thus were liable for not recording such. Under the law I be- those who deal in general merchandise, fender, and that in view of the fact had for the reasons hereinabove stated, satisfactorily, lieve there is a penalty of five dollars and is correctly limited to sales in orig-About 300 acres of sisal had also been per day for failure to place a copartinal packages.

About 300 acres of sisal had also been per day for failure to place a copartinal packages.

Now, therefore, it is ordered that planted at this place. Mrs. Shipman nership on record. If these clubs could life provision is made for the dealer force loosely administered, and also service of summons in this action be be held liable under this, it would seem or jobber to sell from the bottle up, partly induced by failure of the Gov- made upon the defendant, P. E. La-

lying possessions. Congress should give to the conscientious and immediate

your consideration the following:

First: That for the purpose of definentomologists find in great numbers the second class. I then recommend handled as a separate interest,

## THE ORGANIZATION OF THE **GOVERNMENT OF HAWAII**

(Continued from page 5.)

was better late than never and he was when they meet for the purpose of peal to the Governor who shall have glad to see that the Government and seeking the interests of the kingdom, power to try the case again, and if explanters had begun a warfare on such and shall come to a decision on any ceptions are taken to the decision of pests. The Territory was to be con- point then that decision shall be the Governor, on information given to gratulated in having just the man recorded in a book and that book shall the Supreme Judges, there shall be a (Prof. Craw) to wage the warfare. be preserved in order that nothing values and final trial before them, There were some entomologists who uable affecting the interests of the believe in fighting noxious insects with kingdom should be lost. And there their natural enemies. Others believe shall be no new law made without the in artificial measures. Above all there approbation of a majority of the discretion appoint judges for his particwas needed a hearty cooperation on the nobles and also a majority of the rep-

When any act shall have been agreed MR. VAN DINE'S CONTRIBUTION, sented to the King, and if he approve be turned out except by impeachment, D. L. Van Dine, entomologist of the United States Experiment Station, contributed an interesting and valuable lot of notes on insect work. The paper

were many insects which were not in- tax officers and give them their cerjurious, but the majority were injuri- tificates of office. There shall be disous. Oftentimes the farmer did not tinct tax officers for each of the islands

operation between the farmer and the When a tax officer has received his government entomologist. The corre-spondence between the two was grow-be dismissed from office without first ing in Hawaii and Mr. Van Dine hoped having a formal trial, and having been to their convicted of fault, at which time he farmer should take the preliminary work of the laboratory as suggestive should prescribe a given number of OF. years as the term of office it may be

as elsewhere, but one should take into assess the taxes and give notice of the and these six persons shall constitute consideration that in some things the amount to all the people, that they may the Supreme Court of the kingdom. farmer in Hawaii got three crops to understand in suitable time. The tax Their business shall be to settle all end. officers shall make the assessment in retail license on every plantation, so that there can be no exceuse on the part of the people that they are unable to obtain required supplies; then a pay it over to the Premier, and the cision of these shall be final Premier shall deliver it to the King.

The tax officers shall also have charge becond: The issuing of at least one though if they see proper to commit it hands, and their decisions are final. wholesale or dealers' license in each to the land agents, it is well, but the OF CHANGES IN THE CONSTITUdistrict from which the retail places tax officers being above the land agents shall be accountable for the work. They ness which the King shall wish to extend through the kingdom. In all business, however, they shall be subject to the Governor,

have no incentive to infringe the terms have no incentive to infringe the terms of his license. Under present conditions even where there is a light wine landlords are charged with oppressing desirable to change it notice shall be the lower classes, and also ni all cases previously given, that all the people the lower classes, and also ni all cases previously given, that all the people have no incentive to infringe the terms in all cases arising under the tax law. and beer license, the holder of such li-cense, by reason of his being unable the lower classes and also ni all cases

to condone the greater offense of the tax officer shall be confined in his auagreed to by the nobles, and we have the notice of the tax officer shall be confined in his auagreed to by the nobles, and we have the notice of the nobles, and we have the notice of the nobles, and we have the nobles of the nobles of the nobles of the nobles. I unhesitatingly pronounce the light If a difficulty arises between a land 8, 1840 at Honolulu,

Wholesale fee \$500, dealers \$500, retail \$250, hotel \$500, restaurant \$250, saloon The same reasoning applies to the \$750, and for districts of the second

There is, however, a serious obstacle and up to the lowest quantity sold by districts, and it should be provided the consumer to obtain legally what-

Club would not be liable for a license, remain as they now are, but the dealer apparent advantage, but that it might be held that these should have the privilege of taking out

some attention to the development of coffee within its borders. Inferior coffee within its borders. Inferior coffee was being brought into the United States from fees was being brought into the United States from fees was being brought into the United States from fees was being brought into the United States from fees was being brought into the United States from fees was being brought into the United States from fees was being brought into the United States from fees was being brought into the United States from fees was being brought into the United States from fees was being brought into the United States from fees was being brought into the United States who will groceries, which have become a pull before and with a size of the state of the stat there is not any reasonable ground to to put the liquor business on an abso-refuse smaller concerns. I mention lutely legitimate basis for the future this because I understand that strong In discussing the subject I take it fo of the first class, and that the boun-concession, if made, would cause end- due carrying out of such laws, are ex-daries of such districts be within a ra-Mr. Kotinsky, assistant to Alexander dius of three miles from the postoffice would want the same privilege, and as fore, the will of the voters and tax

The form of do'tg business shall be be found guilty, then the tax officer.

#### OF THE JUDGES.

ular island-two or more as he shall think expedient, and shall give them certificates of office. After having reupon by them, it shall then be pre- ceived their certificates, they shall not

> hand of the days on which courts are to be held. When the time specified arrives they shall then enter upon the trials according as the law shall direct. They shall be the judges in cases arising under all the laws excepting those which regard taxation or difficulties between land agents or landlords and their tenants. They shall be sustained by the Governor whose duty it shall be to execute the law according to their decisions. But if exceptions are taken judgment, whosoever takes them may appeal to the supreme

#### OF THE SUPREME JUDGES.

The representative body shall appoint four persons, whose duty it shall

cases of difficulty which are left unsubserviency to the orders of the Gov- settled by the tax officers and common ernors, and in accordance with the re- judges. They shall give a new trial according to the conditions of the law.

There shall be no further trial after theirs. Life, death, sonfinement, fine, of the public labor done for the king, and freedom from it are all in their TIONS.

This constitution shall not be conshall also have charge of all new busi- sidered as finally established, until the people have generally heard it, and have appointed persons according to the provision herein made, and they have given their assent, then this con-

of difficulty between land agents and may understand the nature of the proson that the restrictions of his liceuse is a the
son that the restrictions of his liceuse is a the
son that the restrictions of his liceuse is a the
son that the restrictions of his liceuse is a the son that the restrictions of his liceuse is a the son that the meeting of the nobles, and the
son that all the people of the sold agents and may understand the nature of the proson that the restrictions of his liceuse of the sold agents and may understand the nature of the proson that the restrictions of his liceuse of difficulty between land agents and may understand the nature of the proson that the restrictions of his liceuse of difficulty between land agents and may understand the nature of the proson that the restrictions of his liceuse of difficulty between land agents and may understand the nature of the proson that the restrictions of his liceuse is a sold agent and the succeeding year, that all the people of difficulty between land agents and may understand the nature of the proson that the restrictions of his liceuse is a sold agent and the succeeding year, that all the people of difficulty between land agents and may understand the nature of the proson that the restrictions of his liceuse is a sold agent and the succeeding year. will not allow him to make a living, and in order to do so he is compelled to June, 1829. as to the addition proposed, or as to the They shall moreover perform their alteration, then they may make it.

The above agreed to by the nobles, and we have rious diseases. Can you afford to take

#### KAMEHAMEHA III, KEKAULUOHI.

I believe the above licenses would cover all requirements, and that both the "Beer" and "Light Wine and Beer" licenses should be repealed. There can then be no tempation to break the law by selling something that is not covered in the license. I am certain that The retail license is to provide a legit- while these new provisions cannot inimate method of selling by the bottle crease the consumption of liquor, they will simplify the work of the police devision of the liquor trade less compli-

All licenses should be situated on the

For Honofulu, I suggest that the lim-

In conclusion, I believe that the logical remedy for correction of all trans- thereof upon him as defendant, but that this illicit selling is in part the and by said affidavits made to appear:
product of ill-considered laws, heretocked berries when a child to be an easy matter to break them up. under the retail license there can be ernment to issue the number of licenses. The lidea of having licensed dealers, no reason that such licenses be granted demanded for legitimate supply in the Hawalian Gazette, a semi-weekly for liter wholesale, jobbing or retail, held to grocers or druggists. The liquor outer districts, the whole matter should newspaper, published in the English wall. The United tSates never before the wholesale, jobiling of real, the had territories which could grow coffee and for that reason, with Hawali, will, in my opinion, be absolutely insported and the Philippines as outself of the correction of the property of the property of the property of the correction of the United tSates never before the industry of the legislative action, in the business should be kept absolutely be left to the Legislative action, in the party of the property of the business should be kept absolutely be left to the Legislative action, in the language in Honolulu, Oahu, Territory

sance on nearly every street corner. If render whatever aid I may be able to large grocers are granted liquur license, the administration in its expressed wish ing the classification of licenses, I suggest that the towns of Honolulu, Hilo of prominent grocers to obtain licenses does recognize that the existence of and Waiiuku be denominated districts to sell by the bottle, and I believe this liquor laws and the regulations for the of the first class, and that the bouncession, if made, would cause end- due carrying out of such laws, are ex-Craw of the Territorial Board of Agri- or police court. All areas outside of a matter of fact it would be much bet- payers of each city, county, Territory culture, spoke of the freeds which three miles to be known as districts of ter if the liquor business were entirely or State and that the letter of the law should be equally respected by the ex-

Hawaiian Gazette Company, Honolulu, T. H.

Enclosed herewith find five dollars to pay for one copy of the Fundamental Law of Hawaii, which please send to

Cut this out and mail it to the Hawaiian Gazette Company, Honolulu, T. H. with \$5 and the Fundamental Laws of Hawaii will be immediately mailed to you, postage prepaid. 

law on the part of the administration consecutive months; and OF THE JUDGES.

to impose material restrictions not contemplated by law as it is for those govof said affidavits, that said defendant, tration has not any discretion as to California; waiving any provision of law on any. It is fur pressed by act of Legislature. Such State of California, should be the interpretation, if reasonable and not arbitrary and coercive measures are to prevall in the admin-

istration of Government. tion of the administration in its desire for the effective application of the (Sgd.) A. N. KEPOIKAI, liquor laws as they now stand. The Judge of the Circuit Court, Second wholesalers share with the administration the necessity for the correction of the infringements above mentioned as to illicit selling, etc., and I believe will co-operate in any practical manner with the administration to that end. In line with this co-operation the whole salers will. I feel assured, use their discretion and best efforts to make such co-operation worth while, believing that the administration will also use its best efforts through the machinery of In the police and otherwise to the same

Assuring you that I am entirely at your service should you desire further conference, I am

Yours faithfully, J. G. ROTHWELL.

### William Swinton Dead.

William Swinton, son of Capt. Harry Swinton and a part Hawalian on both parental sides, died at ten minutes to four o'clock yesterday morning of peritonitis following an operation for appendicitis. He was engineer of a steam road roller when taken ill. His age trix; was 23 years and his whole life had been spent in Honolulu,

The funeral will take place from the house, 316 Spencer street, at 3 p. m. today. As the lamented young man was a member of Co. G. serving in the regimental drum corps, a detail of the N. G. H. will attend the funeral. The burial will be in Makiki cemetery.

YOU TAKE DESPERATE CHANCES

WHEN YOU NEGLECT A COLD. It should be borne in mind that every old weakens the lungs, lowers the vitality and makes the system less able to withstand each succeeding cold. constitution has been thereby paving the way for more sesuch desperate chances when Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, famous for its cures of colds, can be had for a trifle? Sold by All Dealers and Druggists. Benson Smith & Co., Ltd., Agents for

> COURT NOTICES. HACKFELD VS. P. E. LAMAR.

Hawali.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE SECOND JUDICIAL CIRCUIT, TERRITORY OF HAWAII-OC-TOBER TERM, 1904.

H. Hackfeld & Company, Ltd., a Corporation, Plaintin, vs. P. E. Lamar, Defendant, The Pioneer Mill Co., Ltd., a Corporation, Garnishee, ORDER OF COURT FOR PUBLICA-TION OF SUMMONS.

Upon reading and filing the affidavits of L, N. Baldwin, and D. H. Case, its should be extended and placed so and, it appearing to me therefrom that no saloon license could be issued that defendant P. E. Lamar, has rein the resident districts. If the new moved from, and is now a non-resi-Until a new law is enacted, I can see that no drinking is to be done on the no way of preventing illicit selling on the part of those holding either mait or the great objection of the plantations, as a rule, to the creation of centers where labor can congregate and captured by the same time enable. Would not have to go out of this radius summer exists between said H. Hackwould not have to go out of this radius sumpsit exists between said H. Hackto find any disturbance in or about sa- feld & Company, Ltd., as plaintiff, and loons. Within such radius it would be said P. E. Lamar, as defendant, and should think that a distinction could Hotel and restaurant licenses should easy for the administration to make that said P. E. Lamar is a necessary readily be made between them and the have the privilege of sale by the drink such reservations as it saw fit, but the party thereto; and, it further appear-Pacific Club, for the reason that the latter is a duly incorporated club and licensed premises only.

Dealers' and wholesale licenses could ates an undestrable exhibition without due and diligent inquiry and search made for said P. E. Lamar for the purpose of making personal service

ecutive as by the licensee; that neither of Hawaii, and hereby designated as has the right of personal interpreta- a newspaper suitable for the advertion of privileges on the one hand or of tisement of notice of judicial proceedsufferance or restriction on the other; ings; that such publication be had and and that it is equally a breaking of the made at least once a week for four

erned by law to infringe its provisions. P. E. Lamar, is located in and about It is freely conceded that the administ he city of San Francisco, State of

It is further ordered and directed subject, but it is also submitted that that a copy of the summons and comthe same authority cannot either by plaint in the above entitled case be in plied or direct threat of the exercise forwarded forthwith by being depositof a prerogative intended and author- ed in the United States Postoffice at ized to be used within reason, change Walluku, Maul, postpaid, directed to any of the privileges allowed and ex-said P. E. Lamar, at San Francisco,

Service herein shall be deemed completed at the expiration of time prescribed by the order of this court, this cause to stand continued to, and be Such I believe not to be the inten- triable at, the regular March term 1905 of this court.

Judicial Circuit.

Attest:

EDMUND H. HART, Clerk, Second Circuit Court,

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIFTH CIRCUIT, TERRITORY OF HAWAII—AT CHAMBERS—IN PROBATE.

the matter of the Estate of Manoel Rapozo de Freitas, of Kapaa, de-ceased-Order of Notice of Hearing Petition for Allowance of Final Ac-

counts, Distribution and Discharge, On reading and filing the petition accounts of Maria Augusta Rapozo Freitas, Administratrix of the Estate of Manoel Rapozo de Freitas, wherein she asks to be allowed \$10.00 and she charges herself with \$206.22. and asks that the same may be examined and approved, and that a final order may be made of distribution of the property remaining in her hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging her and her suretles from all further responsibility as such administra-

It is ordered, that Thursday, the 5th day of January, A. D. 1905, at ten o'clock a. m., before the Judge of said Court at the Court Room of the said Court at Lihue, Island of Kaual, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place for hearing said Petition and Accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they why the same should not be granted, and may present evidence as to who are entitled to the said property. And that notice of this Order, in the English language, be published in the Hawaiian Gazette, newspaper print-ed and published in Honolulu, for four successive weeks, the last publication to be not less than two weeks previous to the time therein appointed for said hearing.

Dated at Lihue, this 22nd day of November, 1904. By the Court:

#### 2645-Nov. 25, Dec. 2, 9, 16. \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* SPARKLING

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ERAGE. Effervescing, Palatable and guaranteed harmless. It will im-mediately relieve and cure Bil-liousness, Constipation, Indiges-tion and Headache from any cause, overindulgence in eating, drinking or smoking.

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